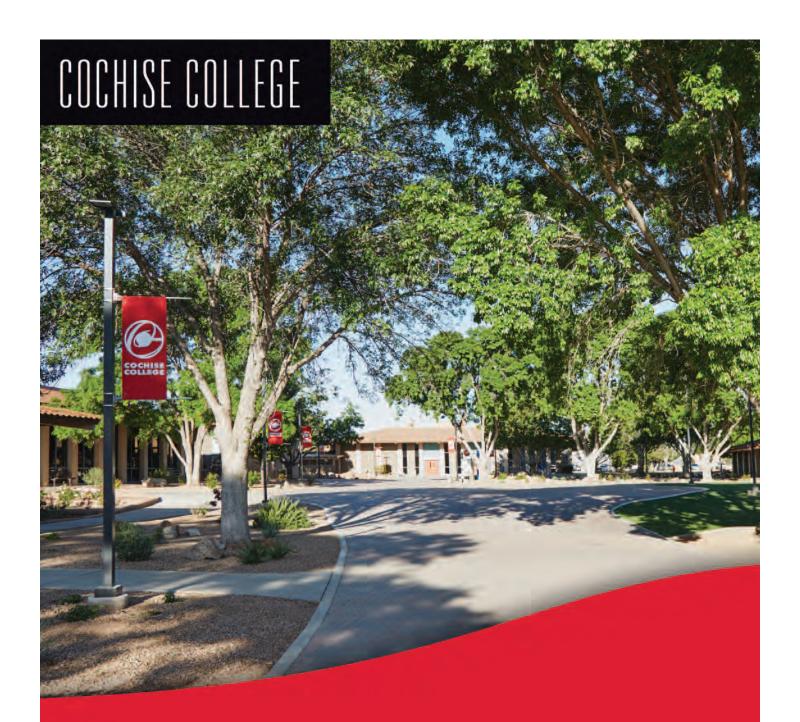


# Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016
Cochise County Community College District | Douglas, Arizona





# Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

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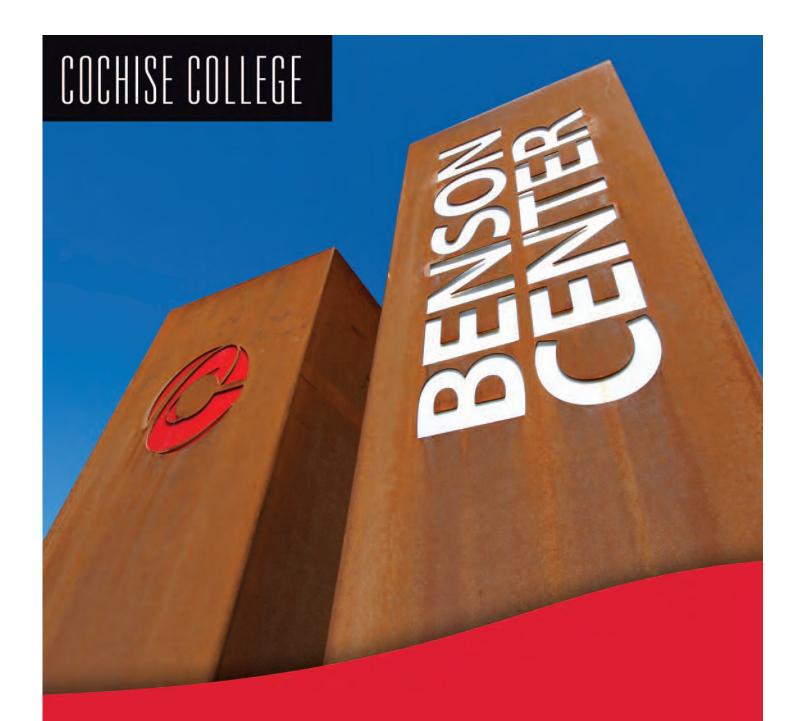
### **Cochise County Community College District**

### Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

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# Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

INTRODUCTORY SECTION





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December 12, 2016

To the Citizens of Cochise County:

I am pleased to present to you the FY 2016 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the Cochise County Community College District (the District). This report describes the financial operations of the District and provides you, the taxpayer, evidence that the District takes its fiduciary charge very seriously as a responsible steward of the monies entrusted to us. We strive to fulfill the College's mission of providing accessible educational opportunities that lead to constructive citizenship, meaningful careers, and lifelong learning. We are committed to making a difference in the lives of our students and

in the communities we serve. This is evidenced by two significant happenings in fiscal year 2016. First, the renovation and repurposing of the former Sierra Vista Regional Health Center into a state-of-the-art teaching facility for nursing and allied health, culinary arts, and community services. This project began with the donation of the former hospital by the Legacy Foundation of Southeast Arizona. That generous donation provided the District new educational opportunities, additional educational space, and new community partnerships. The Governing Board committed over 15 million dollars to transform this aging complex into a cutting edge teaching and community services facility that will serve the citizens of the county for years to come. The Downtown Center was completed in the fall of 2016 and welcomed students for the beginning of fall semester. The second significant highlight was a site visit from the Higher Learning Commission as part of the college's accreditation process. We are proud to report Cochise College received the maximum 10-year reaffirmation of accreditation. This, once again, reaffirmed the District's ability to provide accessible educational opportunities to the diverse populations of Cochise County, the state of Arizona, and the southwest region.

The college offers a wide array of educational and support programs and strives to enhance the quality of life for our service area through innovation and excellence. Since its founding in 1962, the District has provided accessible and affordable educational opportunities to thousands of students. The District has grown from a single campus to a comprehensive community college district with two full-service campuses and multiple educational centers ensuring that high quality educational services are available across the district. In addition, the District provides a Virtual Campus providing students learning opportunities beyond the boundaries of time and place. Through an intergovernmental agreement with the Santa Cruz County Provisional Community College District, the District also provides educational services to the citizens of Santa Cruz County. We continue to provide access to affordable educational opportunities, which has been at the core of the District's mission from its inception.

In fiscal year 2016 the District served 11,491 students at our campuses and extended learning centers. Goal completion is a major focus for Cochise College. To that end, 1,358 Associate degrees were conferred in fiscal year 2016. Additionally, 564 certificates of completion were awarded in a wide variety of career and

technical education studies. In our Adult Education Program 29 students successfully passed their High School Equivalency Test and were awarded their Diplomas. In light of shrinking budgets the District continues to provide quality programs and services for the citizens of Cochise County.

The District places a strong emphasis on balancing the educational needs of today while providing a solid asset base and plan for the future. The District's sound financial management practices have earned an A2 rating from Moody's Investors Services, a rating that provides financial flexibility as we move forward. With this philosophy in mind, we continue to prepare students for today and plan for the future. New opportunities abound, and we are well positioned to address any and all challenges.

As you read this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, I hope you will agree that FY 2016 represented yet another year where Cochise County Community College District served its taxpayers well and used its resources wisely.

Sincerely,

J.D. Rottweiler, Ph.D. President



4190 West Highway 80 · Douglas, AZ 85607-6190 · 520-364-7943 · www.cochise.edu

December 12, 2016

To the Citizens and District Governing Board of the Cochise County Community College District

We are pleased to provide you with the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Cochise County Community College District (the District), Douglas, Arizona, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 (FY 2016).

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the District's management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the District. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the District's activities and financial status have been included.

District management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that assets are protected from loss, theft or misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as established by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

This CAFR is presented in three sections: Introductory, Financial and Statistical. The introductory section includes the President's welcome, this transmittal letter, the District's organizational chart and a list of principal officers. The financial section includes the independent auditors' report, Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), the basic financial statements and other required supplementary financial information. The State of Arizona, Office of the Auditor General has issued an unmodified opinion on the District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2016. The MD&A, which provides a narrative overview and analysis of the basic financial statements, complements this transmittal letter and should be read in conjunction with them. Finally, the statistical section includes selected unaudited financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis.

#### THE REPORTING ENTITY

The District is an independent reporting entity within the criteria established by the GASB. Although the District shares the same geographic boundaries with Cochise County, financial accountability over all activities related to public community college education in Cochise County is exercised solely by the District. According to GASB Statement No. 14, the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government organization for which the primary government is financially accountable as well as other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationships with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The District is a primary government because it is a special purpose political subdivision that has a separately-elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state and local

governments. The District is not included in any other governmental financial reporting entities. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 39, the financial activity of the Cochise College Foundation, Inc. (the Foundation) is discretely presented as a component unit of the District.

#### History

The Cochise County Community College District was organized in 1961. Ground was broken for the Douglas Campus in 1962 and the District opened its doors to the first students in September of 1964. Having also served students in Sierra Vista and at Fort Huachuca since the mid-1960s, the District opened the Sierra Vista Campus in 1978.

With a constituency base that encompasses more than 6,200 square miles, the District has extended its reach into some of the more rural parts of Cochise County. The Willcox Center opened in 1988 for residents in that part of the county and the expansion continued in 2000 with the opening of the Benson Center to better serve the educational needs of residents in Benson, St. David and surrounding communities. During FY 2015, the District converted an existing automobile dealership into a vehicle service training center. The District has also recently opened a new educational center in downtown Sierra Vista to accommodate its nursing and allied health, culinary and other programs. As necessary, the District provides education at various other sites in southeastern Arizona.

The District is accredited by the Higher Learning Commission of the North Central Association. The District also holds Federal Aviation Administration certification for its professional pilot program and Arizona Department of Health Services/Emergency Medical Services certification for its paramedicine and emergency medical technology programs. The Paramedicine Program is nationally accredited by the Committee on Accreditation of Educational Programs for Emergency Medical Services Professions (COAEMSP). The nursing program is accredited by the Accreditation Commission for Education in Nursing (ACEN) and approved by the Arizona State Board of Nursing. The Respiratory Therapy program is nationally accredited by the Commission on Accreditation for Respiratory Therapy Care (CoARC).

#### **Organization and Administration**

As a political subdivision of the State of Arizona, the Cochise County Community College District is subject to the oversight of the District's Governing Board which is comprised of five elected members representing each of the five precincts of the county. These members are elected for six-year terms on a staggered basis. The District's Governing Board is granted full authority by the Arizona Revised Statutes to manage the business and educational needs of the District. The administrative staff of the District, led by the president, is responsible for the operation and administration of all District functions. As indicated above, the District currently operates from two primary campuses and four centers, with additional programs delivered at various locations throughout Cochise County and through its online campus. The District also provides a growing instructional program to the citizens of neighboring Santa Cruz County through an arm's length intergovernmental agreement with the Santa Cruz County Provisional Community College District.

#### Service Area

Cochise County, named for the famed chief of the Chiricahua Apaches and established on February 1, 1881, is located in the southeast corner of Arizona, sharing a border with Mexico to the south and New Mexico to the east. The county was formed out of eastern Pima County with Tombstone being designated as the original county seat. In 1929, the county seat was moved to Bisbee, a former hub of copper mining.

The county's location makes it a unique crossroads of cultural, natural and historical attractions.

The historic Old West towns of Tombstone, Bisbee, Douglas, Willcox and Benson are located within the county, and Sierra Vista – the county's primary population center – is home to Fort Huachuca, the U.S. Army's intelligence training center. Cochise County's mountain ranges and desert grasslands make it an important destination for migratory birds. The county's temperate climate, open spaces, and proximity to the international border with Mexico make it one of the most culturally, historically and geographically diverse areas in the American Southwest.

#### LOCAL ECONOMIC OUTLOOK

The population of Cochise County as of 2015 was 129,112, down 0.4% from 2014, according to estimates by Arizona's Office of Employment and Population Statistics (EPS). EPS projects the countywide population will grow by about 1% per year over the coming years, reaching 142,398 in 2020.

Because the District receives a significant amount of its funding from local property taxes, new construction rates and valuations of existing properties are important economic indicators. New residential construction in Cochise County was down 24 percent in 2015. There were 136 new home permits issued countywide in 2015, the lowest level on record, with records back to 1990. In the first five months of 2016 there were 59 new home permits issued countywide, down 18.6 percent from the same period of 2015. A large volume of foreclosed homes, which places upward pressure on existing home sales volume and downward pressure on prices, will continue to dampen demand for new home construction countywide through 2016 and into 2017. In 2015, foreclosures accounted for 19.2 percent of home sales in Cochise County, down from 25.5 percent in 2014. Despite this decline, foreclosures remain very high from a historical perspective. In the years leading up to the housing market crash of 2008-2009, foreclosures countywide accounted for only about 2% of sales.

According to EPS estimates, the county's civilian labor force consisted of 50,634 actual or potential workers in 2015. The unemployment rate as of June 2016 was 6.7%, down from 7.1% in June 2015. The drop in unemployment, however, has been related to a decline in the labor force, not job growth. Cochise County lost 200 nonfarm jobs in 2015 for a job growth rate of -0.6% while the government sector shed 200 jobs in 2015. Job numbers in 2015 for Cochise County's private sector stabilized at 2014 levels.

The primary non-farm industry in Cochise County is government, followed by trade, transportation, and utilities, educational and health services, professional and business services, and leisure and hospitality. The county's largest employer is Fort Huachuca. As of September 2015, approximately 2,600 active duty military personnel were assigned to Fort Huachuca. There are also approximately 2,400 military trainees (students) temporarily assigned to the fort for training on any given day with more than 8,000 trained on site each year. Fort Huachuca directly employs approximately 3,000 civilian workers with an additional 400 civilians employed by other agencies operating on the installation, including Department of Homeland Security, Fort Huachuca Accommodation Schools, Army & Air Force Exchange Service, and others. The fort also contracts with numerous area firms including General Dynamics, Northrup Grumman, ManTech International, Raytheon, TASC, Booz Allen Hamilton, and others employing more than 3,400 workers.

The largest threat to labor market improvement in Cochise County comes from defense budget cuts impacting Fort Huachuca, which are the natural upshot of winding down the wars in Iraq and Afghanistan. While the rest of the state and nation suffered through the severe effects of the Great Recession of 2008-2009, Cochise County was largely buffered from the worst of it due to increased spending on the fort and its missions in those countries. From 2009 to 2014, however, Fort Huachuca lost 2,350 fulltime equivalent

jobs not including contractors. The bulk of those reductions came from the relocation of units from the fort, and a drop in the number of intelligence students trained. The fort's average daily student load declined 35% from more than 3,200 in 2010 to approximately 2,100 in 2014, before increasing to 2,400 in 2015. In 2014, average daily student load was below the 2000 and 2001 levels, before the 9/11 terrorist attacks and subsequent buildup. As student numbers have dropped, contracting jobs have been eliminated. The eight largest defense contractors in Sierra Vista lost nearly 465 jobs from 2012 to 2013 alone. When factoring in defense contractors, the total number of Fort Huachuca-related jobs lost from 2009 to 2015 is likely in the range of 3,000 to 4,500.

Cochise County's GDP grew by 0.1 and 2.7 percent, respectively, in 2008 and 2009—the years the state and national economies were in the Great Recession. In 2010, the county saw GDP growth of 3.0 percent but the county's economy slipped into recession in 2011 with a drop in GDP of 1.2 percent followed by GDP declines of 5.5, 4.8, and 2.8 percent in 2012, 2013, and 2014, respectively. Retail sales countywide were up 2.4 percent in 2015, but down 8.2 percent for the first four months of 2016. Cochise County's restaurant and bar sales were up 3.9 percent in 2015 and 2.7 percent in the first four months of 2016. Accommodation receipts were up 8.2 percent in 2015 but down 7.4 percent through April 2016.

#### **LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING**

The District engages in short and long term strategic planning. The short term (3 year) cycle involves all levels of the organization. This plan is updated as external environments or internal opportunities and needs require. The process provides a framework for structuring and adjusting the District's goals in order to support its mission, vision, and values. A high-level 15-year financial projection model is maintained and based on actual results as well as reasonable estimates. It is updated periodically to reflect most recent performance for both short- and long-term planning

#### **MAJOR PROGRAM INITIATIVES**

#### **District Infrastructure**

Resources were invested during FY 2016 on continuing upgrades to the District's infrastructure. Both main campuses saw continuing upgrade efforts in support of academic programs, including fire alarm systems, heating and cooling supply lines, new air conditioning units and landscaping projects, including sidewalks and curbing.

The District continued its investment in physical improvements to the Aviation Department facilities on the Douglas campus with help from grants through the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT). This year's efforts focused largely on engineering designs for the flight line and apron rehabilitation projects.

The District previously received the donation of the former Sierra Vista Regional Medical Center from the Legacy Foundation and significant remodeling work was undertaken in FY 2016 to accommodate a number of District and community operations. The programs, departments, and organizations scheduled to move into the repurposed Downtown Center in the fall of 2016 include:

- The District's nursing, certified nursing assistant, emergency medical technician, paramedicine, respiratory therapy, and culinary arts programs;
- The Center for Lifelong Learning, the Small Business Development Center, and the Center for Economic Research departments; and

• The Disabled American Veterans (DAV), the Sierra Vista Volunteer Interfaith Caregiver Program (VICaP), and the Workforce Investment and Opportunity Act organizations.

#### **Enrollment**

During FY 2016, the District served a total of 6,514 Full Time Student Equivalents (FTSE) at all locations, a 1% decline from FY 2015, with an annual unduplicated headcount of 11,491. During this time the District awarded a total of 1,358 associate degrees and 564 college-level certificates of completion in a wide variety of career and technical studies. These awards represent a 6% and a 18% decrease from FY 2015, respectively. Additionally, 29 students earned their GED during FY 2016. The District has undertaken and continues to explore public-private joint ventures to draw students into aviation, automotive, and allied health programs.

The District's strong partnership with the county's largest employer, Fort Huachuca, remained a significant factor in both the number of students served and in the number of degrees conferred. This partnership also has had its downsides since the District has continued to experience enrollment declines associated with the fort as the military draw down has continued over the past several years.

Another factor which has likely influenced enrollments is a continuing decline in overall population, largely related to the activity at Fort Huachuca. Cochise County lost additional residents during FY 2016, although the number leaving the area was significantly less than that of the prior year.

#### **Student Achievement**

District students continue to receive recognition for leadership and academic achievements. Four students were named to the All-Arizona Academic Team, two to the first team, one to the second team and one to the third team. One of these students was also selected as a 2016 Coca-Cola Community College Academic Team Gold Scholar. Another district student placed tenth in the nation at the 2016 Skills USA Welding Championship. A STEM program student was awarded an undergraduate research experience at the University of Connecticut in nanotechnology research.

District athletic teams continued to experience success. The women's rodeo team won the region, had the most points of any women's team in the nation during the regular season, and finished 8th in the nation. The men's rodeo team also placed first in the Grand Canyon Region. The women's basketball team won the third most games in the history of the college team. The men's basketball team was one of the conference co-champions and also won the regional title.

#### PROGRAM DEVELOPMENT AND FUTURE INITIATIVES

For the second consecutive accreditation cycle, the district received full accreditation of 10 years from the Higher Learning Commission (HLC). The district submitted evidence that it was meeting accreditation criteria, then was visited by a team of HLC reviewers, and was finally officially notified by the HLC of its re-accreditation.

The district took steps to improve the success of students who need additional preparation for college. The Mathematics Department conducted a major overhaul of the developmental math classes and designed new math pathways according to student programs. These classes, now required to be taken during a student's first semester at the college, have significantly shortened the time necessary for college preparation. In addition, a new college success course is a required co-requisite to help students not only improve in math,

but in the general skill sets necessary for student success. The district is working on improving college preparation for reading and writing as well during FY 2017.

The district added a second instructor to the Culinary Arts program and a third instructor to the Welding program to improve program quality by adding faculty positions to career programs which have minimal full-time instructors. The District is advertising for additional faculty positions for the Administration of Justice program and the Media Production Arts program for the 2017 academic year.

New programs have been added to provide degree options. In FY 2016 the District implemented degrees in Mathematics (AA), Cisco & Linux Networking (AAS), Engineering Technology (AAS), and Aviation Dispatch (AGS). A degree in Electronics Technology (AAS) was also designed during FY 2016.

The Aviation Department has been improving the attractiveness of the program by adding and updating equipment. Four planes were purchased in FY 2016 as well as a regional jet simulator. This equipment will improve the image and the effectiveness of the program as it works to alleviate the shortage of pilots. The district also separated the Aviation Department Director position into a Director position and a Chief Flight Instructor position to better manage the large number of departmental initiatives currently underway.

The Undergraduate Research Club for students was established and is advised by two science faculty. A future initiative is to involve more science and math faculty and students in undergraduate research projects. A new public health research project, introduced by an associate faculty, maps mosquito species in Cochise County.

The Computer Information Systems department is in the process of seeking a designation as a Center of Excellence in Cyber Defense through the National Security Agency during FY 2017. This, along with an increased investment in the cybersecurity program will set Cochise College apart from its peers and provides area employers with graduates who are prepared to enter an industry that will continue to grow into the future.

The Building Construction Technology department will be redesigning its program during FY 2017 to shift its focus to Residential Construction Technology. Most activities in this new program will center on the actual construction of a home in partnership with the Sierra Vista Area Habitat for Humanity organization. This socially-conscious, experiential learning program will provide students with a unique learning opportunity that will position them for successful careers in the construction industry.

In FY 2016 the Business department and Small Business Development Center (SBDC) created a strategic partnership whereby they share faculty and staff. This has allowed for faculty to be involved in advising SBDC clients and the SBDC director being involved in strategic activity within the Business department.

The district was also awarded \$250,000 in Small Business Administration grant funding for the development of a Veterans Business Outreach Center (VBOC). This center will provide entrepreneurial training, comprehensive business assessment and mentoring to active-duty service members, veterans and service-disabled veterans, National Guard, and Reservists, and military spouses interested in starting a small business.

#### **FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

Effective management of the District's funds through internal control, budgetary controls, cash management, and financial reporting comprises the District's responsibilities for stewardship, safeguarding

of assets, and accountability to resource providers. Additional information relating to the District's financial management can be found in the statistical section at the back of this report.

#### **Internal Control**

In developing and evaluating the District's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal controls. Internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived from that control element, and that the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments from management. All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the District's internal controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

#### **Budgetary Controls**

The District maintains budgetary controls and budget transfer restrictions by function and major account category. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with the annual budget adopted by the District Governing Board. The District complies with state statutes requiring that a report of the District's adopted budget be published annually within the prescribed format as required by the State of Arizona, Office of the Auditor General. The District also complies with Arizona Revised Statutes governing community colleges by issuing an annual budget expenditure limitation report that is examined by the Office of the Auditor General.

#### **Cash Management**

The District is governed by the Arizona Revised Statutes relating to the overall investment of idle public funds. The fiduciary responsibility for such investments is entrusted to the District Governing Board and is orchestrated through the Vice President for Administration. The District invests idle funds in a prudent, conservative, and secure manner for the highest available yield, given cash flow constraints, as prescribed by Arizona Revised Statutes. The principal investment vehicles used during the fiscal year were a pooled investment with the County Treasurer, direct investment in a Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) with the State Treasurer's office, and direct investment in eligible U.S. Treasury and U.S. Government Agency securities.

The District constantly revisits its changing liquidity needs, and adjusts the structure of its idle funds to properly address these needs. In FY 2015, the District continued to monitor targeted proportions of its idle funds in various maturity ranges, matching conservative projections of cash flow needs. These maturity range targets are adjusted periodically, as cash flow needs evolve. Most importantly, this approach continually prioritizes the District's primary objectives of maintaining safe, liquid investments, then, after those objectives are met, seeking to maximize yield.

#### **Financial Reporting**

This CAFR for the District was formulated with data from various sources including District and Foundation records, the Cochise County Treasurer's Office and the Cochise County Assessor's Office. The

statements present information on the financial condition of the District and whether resources were adequate to cover the costs of providing services during the reporting period. The District's CAFR will be distributed to the District Governing Board and executive administration; federal, state and county agencies, and financial institutions as well as others throughout the general public. Internal management reports are customized and provided to meet the information and decision-making needs at all levels of the organization and to aid management in the allocation of resources. The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this CAFR and should be read in conjunction with the Financial Statements for a full understanding of the information presented therein.

#### RISK MANAGEMENT

The District staffs a Safety Officer who is dedicated to the risk management function of the District and is tasked with responsibilities that include minimization of risks through the implementation of insurance and safety and loss prevention procedures across the District. Safety training and calendared drills are, in part, a portion of our loss prevention activities. The District maintains a full complement of insurance requirements in accordance with Arizona Revised Statutes. Liability coverage is carried on a broad basis, including error and omissions and "wrongful acts" coverage. Property coverage is maintained on a replacement value basis in accordance with an agreed-upon schedule of values. Additional coverages includes non-employee or student events and vehicle fleet liability, crime and fidelity coverage, boiler and machinery insurance, professional liability, workers' compensation, aircraft and airport liability, international travel and student athlete accident coverage.

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDIT**

The District utilizes the audit services of State of Arizona, Office of the Auditor General to determine that the financial statements are free of material misstatements and ensure compliance with Arizona Revised Statutes requiring an annual audit of the District's financial statements. The Independent Auditors' Report is included in the financial section of this CAFR. The District received an unmodified opinion for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

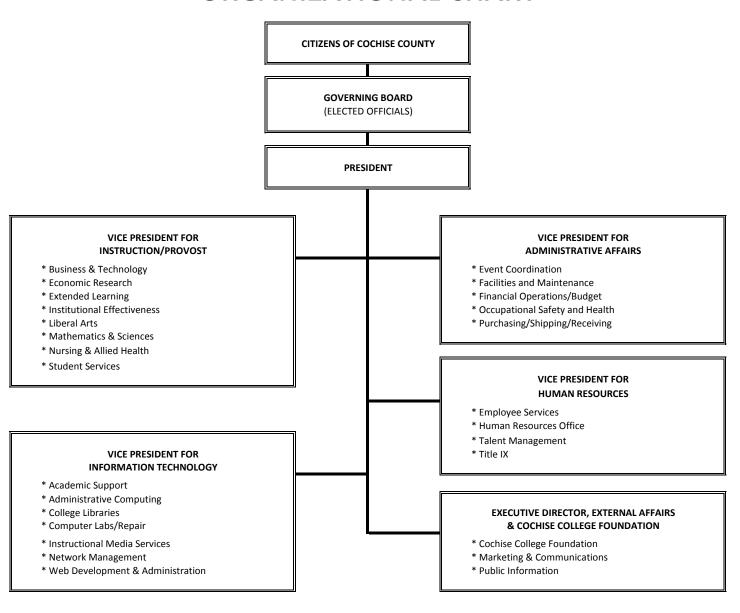
The College would like to express its appreciation to the District's Governing Board members, who volunteer their time and expertise on a regular basis to provide vision and guidance to the District. The District's mission could not be achieved without the president's continuing leadership through the strategic plan. The District would also like to express its appreciation to the Office of the Auditor General for timely completion of the audit. Finally, this report could not have been developed without the efficient and dedicated efforts of the District Financial Operations staff, others within the District community, and the Cochise County Assessor's and Treasurer's offices, all of whom contributed to its preparation.

Respectfully submitted,

LaMont Schiers
Vice President for Administration

William J. Howard Director of Finance Michelle L. Landis Controller

# COCHISE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



### COCHISE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT

#### PRINCIPAL OFFICERS

June 30, 2016

### **DISTRICT GOVERNING BOARD**

Mr. Dennis Nelson, Chair, Precinct 5

Mr. David DiPeso, Secretary, Precinct 1

Mr. Daniel Ortega, Precinct 2

Mrs. Jane C. Strain, Precinct 3

Mr. Tim Quinn, Precinct 4

### **PRESIDENT**

Dr. J.D. Rottweiler

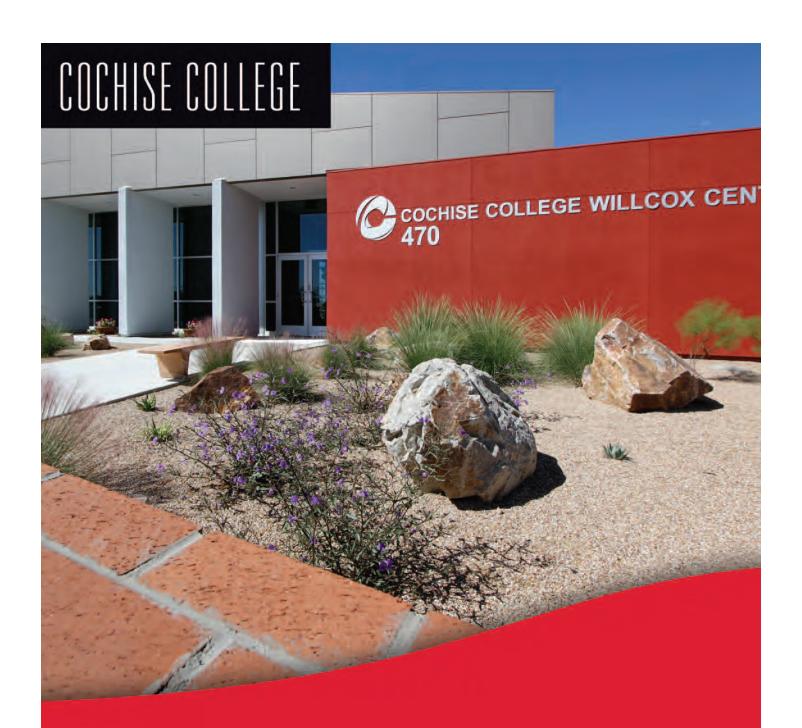
### **ADMINISTRATION**

Dr. Verlyn Fick, Vice President for Instruction/Provost

Mr. LaMont Schiers, Vice President for Administrative Affairs

Mr. Carlos Cartagena, Vice President for Information Technology

Dr. Wendy Davis, Vice President for Human Resources



# Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

FINANCIAL SECTION





DEBRA K. DAVENPORT, CPA AUDITOR GENERAL

## STATE OF ARIZONA OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

MELANIE M. CHESNEY DEPUTY AUDITOR GENERAL

#### Independent auditors' report

Members of the Arizona State Legislature

The Governing Board of Cochise County Community College District

#### Report on the financial statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and discretely presented component unit of the Cochise County Community College District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the discretely presented component unit. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the discretely presented component unit, is based solely on the other auditors' report. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The other auditors did not audit the discretely presented component unit's financial statements in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and discretely presented component unit of Cochise County Community College District as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

#### Emphasis of matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, for the year ended June 30, 2016, the District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other matters

Required supplementary information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 15 through 22, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability on page 58, schedule of district pension contributions on page 59, and the post employment health care benefits schedule of funding progress on page 60 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The introductory and statistical sections listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other reporting required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we will issue our report on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters at a future date. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Debbie Davenport Auditor General

December 12, 2016

#### Introduction

This Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2016. It should be read in conjunction with the letter of transmittal, which precedes this section, and with the financial statements and their accompanying notes, which immediately follow.

#### **Basic Financial Statements**

The basic financial statements consist of the Statement of Net Position, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and the Statement of Cash Flows. The Statement of Net Position reflects the financial position of the District at June 30, 2016. It shows the various assets owned or controlled by the District, deferred outflows and inflows, related liabilities and other obligations, and the various categories of net position. Net position is defined as total assets and deferred outflows less total liabilities and deferred inflows, and as such, represents the institutional equity or ownership in the total assets of the District.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position reflects the results of operations and other activities for the year ended June 30, 2016. It shows the various revenues and expenses, both operating and non-operating, and reconciles the beginning net position balance to the ending net position balance shown on the Statement of Net Position described above.

The Statement of Cash Flows reflects the inflows and outflows of cash and cash equivalents for the year ended June 30, 2016. It indicates the various cash activities by type and reconciles the beginning cash and cash equivalents balance to the ending cash and cash equivalents balance shown on the Statement of Net Position first described above. In addition, this statement reconciles cash flows used for operating activities to the operating loss on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position described immediately above.

Although the primary focus of this document is on the results of activities for fiscal year 2015-16 (FY 2016), comparative data is also presented for the previous fiscal year 2014-15 (FY 2015). This discussion and analysis uses the prior fiscal year as a reference point in illustrating issues and trends when assessing the institution's financial health.

#### Condensed Financial Information Net Position

	As of	As of
	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015
Assets		
Current assets	\$ 25,291,191	\$ 27,493,953
Noncurrent assets, other than capital assets	1,529,338	1,539,297
Capital assets, net	74,081,362	62,370,052
Total assets, net	100,901,891	91,403,302
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	4,863,901	3,644,652
Liabilities		
Other liabilities	4,197,000	3,363,570
Long-term liabilities	63,581,462	52,711,618
Total liabilities	67,778,462	56,075,188
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>	2,824,191	5,445,615
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	44,944,760	41,984,840
Restricted for:		
Grants and contracts	1,770,429	1,471,468
Debt service	1,100,000	1,055,000
Unrestricted	(12,652,050)	(10,984,157)
Total net position	\$ 35,163,139	\$ 33,527,151

Total assets increased by \$9.5 million in FY 2016 as a result of the District's renovation of the new downtown educational center and current year revenues exceeding expenses as a result of conservative fiscal management. Total liabilities increased by \$11.7 million primarily due to the issuance of revenue bonds totaling \$7.3 million to fund the redevelopment of the downtown educational center, which was a donated former hospital. The net pension liability increased by \$2.2 million and accounts payable increased by \$0.8 million in association with the downtown educational center renovation project. Deferred outflows of resources increased \$1.2 million (33.4%) because the District issued revenue refunding bonds during FY 2016 resulting in a deferred charge on refunding of \$1.4 million. Deferred inflows of resources decreased by \$2.6 million (48.1%) due to changes in actuarial estimates related to the net pension liability. For these reasons, total net position increased by \$1.6 million (0.5%) in FY 2016.

During FY 2016, the current ratio decreased to 4.4 from 6.0 last fiscal year with total current assets decreasing by \$2.2 million and total current liabilities increasing by \$1.2 million. The decrease in current assets was due to decrease of \$1.4 million in cash and investments while the increase in

current liabilities was primarily the result of an increase of \$0.8 million in accounts payable liabilities and an increase of \$0.3 million in the current portion of long-term debt.

Unrestricted net position decreased by \$1.7 million in FY 2016, primarily due to the \$2.2 million net pension liability increase. The net investment in capital assets increased by \$3.0 million (7.0%) in FY 2016 as a result of the \$12.2 million investment in the downtown educational center offset by the \$7.3 million revenue bond issuance and current-year depreciation expense of \$3.0 million. The net investment in capital assets is now 127.8% of total net position, up from 125.2% last year.

#### Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Operating revenues Tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowances) Contracts Other operating revenues Total operating revenues	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016 \$ 5,905,314 1,045,303 865,224 7,815,841	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 \$ 5,818,553 1,154,562 1,196,479 8,169,594
Total operating expenses	46,097,977	45,558,602
Operating loss	(38,282,136)	(37,389,008)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)		
Property taxes	19,877,619	19,291,883
State appropriations	10,812,665	10,326,735
Government grants	8,626,294	9,982,425
Share of state sales taxes	1,009,459	1,059,998
Investment earnings	231,402	180,431
Interest on capital asset-related debt	(802,704)	(936,821)
Gain/(Loss) on disposal of capital assets	163,389	43,502
Net nonoperating revenues	39,918,124	39,948,153
Income before other revenues	1,635,988	2,559,145
Capital grants and gifts		4,522,500
Increase in net position	1,635,988	7,081,645
Total net position, beginning of year	33,527,151	26,445,506
Total net position, end of year	\$ 35,163,139	\$ 33,527,151

Total operating revenues decreased \$0.4 million (4.3%) in FY 2016 versus the prior year primarily due to a \$0.3 million drop in other operating revenues. The slight increase in tuition and fees, which resulted from an increase in the tuition rate offset by a lower scholarship allowance, was offset by a slight decrease in contractual revenue.

Overall, nonoperating revenues remained essentially unchanged compared to the prior year. Component movements included an increase in collected property taxes of \$0.6 million (3.0%) from a 2% levy increase, an increase in state equalization aid (a portion of state appropriations) of \$0.5 million (4.7%) as a result of a decrease in average assessed property valuations across the rural counties, a decrease of \$1.4 million (13.6%) in government grants resulting from the completion of the taxiway project at the Douglas campus airfield, and an increase in the gain on sale of assets of \$0.1 million (275.6%) compared to the prior year. Operating expenses increased by \$0.5 million (1.2%) for the year ended June 30, 2016.

The most significant elements of the overall increase in operating expenses were as follows:

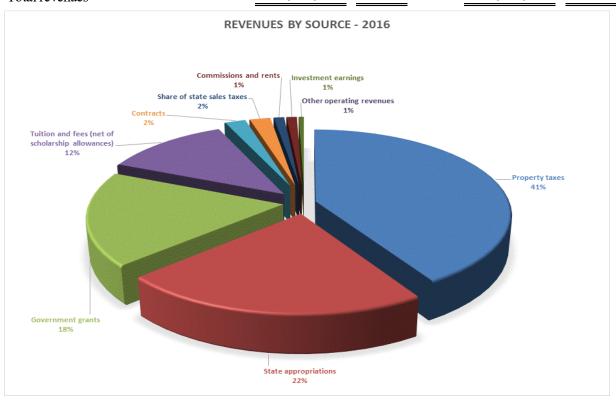
## Operating Expenses Comparison (Dollars in thousands)

	scal Year Ended e 30, 2016	scal Year Ended e 30, 2015	crease	Increase (Decrease) (%)
Salaries and wages	\$ 23,439	\$ 22,617	\$ 822	3.6
Employee benefits	6,010	6,057	(47)	(0.8)
Contractual services	3,698	3,343	355	10.6
Supplies and other services	2,429	2,650	(221)	(8.3)
Scholarships	4,203	4,326	(123)	(2.8)
Depreciation	2,992	3,286	(294)	(8.9)
Other Expenses	3,327	3,280	47	1.4
Total	\$ 46,098	\$ 45,559	\$ 539	1.2

Comparing FY 2016 to the prior year, the largest percentage increase in operating expenses was in contractual services which increased 10.6% as a result of bond issuance costs. The second highest increase was in salaries and wages (3.6%). Depreciation (8.9%) represented the largest decrease followed by supplies and other services (8.3%). Pell grant award funds were down 2.8% versus a year ago as a result of declining enrollment. Employee benefits also declined slightly.

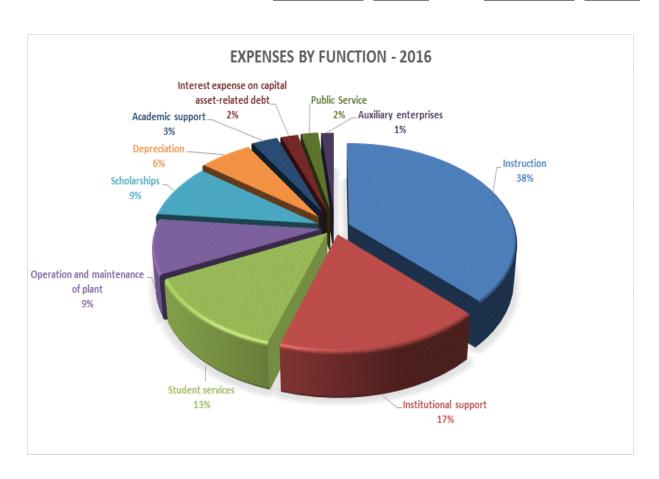
The following is a summary of revenues for fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015:

	Fiscal Year I June 30, 20		Fiscal Year E June 30, 20	
Operating revenues				
Tuition and fees (net of scholarship				
allowances)	\$ 5,905,314	12 %	\$ 5,818,553	11 %
Contracts	1,045,303	2	1,154,562	2
Commissions and rents	645,801	1	700,620	1
Other operating revenues	219,424	1	495,859	1
Total operating revenues	7,815,842	16	8,169,594	15
Nonoperating revenues				
Property taxes	19,877,619	41	19,291,883	36
State appropriations	10,812,665	22	10,326,735	19
Government grants	8,626,294	18	9,982,425	19
Share of state sales taxes	1,009,459	2	1,059,998	2
Investment earnings	231,402	1	180,431	0
Gain on disposal of capital assets	163,389	0	43,502	0
Total nonoperating revenues	40,720,828	84	40,884,974	76
Capital grants and gifts	<del>-</del>	0	4,522,500	9
Total revenues	\$ 48,536,670	100 %	\$ 53,577,068	100 %



The following is a summary of expenses for fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015:

	Fiscal Year I June 30, 2		Fiscal Year E June 30, 20	
Operating expenses				
Educational and general:				
Instruction	\$ 18,025,593	38 %	\$ 19,475,217	42 %
Public service	737,123	2	728,049	2
Academic support	1,238,435	3	1,292,307	3
Student services	6,004,145	13	5,763,778	12
Institutional support	7,946,543	17	6,990,661	15
Operation and maintenance of plant	4,219,197	9	2,773,621	6
Scholarships	4,202,770	9	4,325,915	9
Auxiliary enterprises	731,877	1	922,570	2
Depreciation	2,992,295	6	3,286,484	7
Total operating expenses	46,097,978	98	45,558,602	98
Nonoperating expenses				
Interest expense on capital asset-related	00	_	0000	
debt	802,704	2	936,821	2
Total expenses	\$ 46,900,682	100 %	\$ 46,495,423	100 %



#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

Below is a summary of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, as of June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015. See Note 3 for further details.

	Balance			Balance
	June 30, 2016		Jı	une 30, 2015
Land	\$	1,993,038	\$	1,993,038
Museum art collection		66,000		66,000
Construction in progress		12,648,089		1,944,413
Buildings and improvements		46,916,024		48,382,893
Improvements other than buildings		9,075,747		7,966,956
Equipment		3,101,949		1,722,260
Library books		280,515		294,492
Total	\$	74,081,362	\$	62,370,052

The increase in capital assets during FY 2016 was principally due to the investment in renovation of the downtown educational facility.

During FY 2016, principal payments were \$115,000 on the Series 2008 Revenue Bonds and \$940,000 on the Series 2008 PROs. During the year, new revenue bonds totaling \$7,310,000 were issued along with \$14,675,000 of revenue refunding bonds, which were used to advance refund \$9,480,000 of the 2008 revenue bonds and \$6,115,000 of the 2008 PROs. At June 30, 2016 the District had an outstanding principal balance due of \$380,000 for the 2008 revenue bonds and \$3,045,000 for the 2008 PROs. Note 4 to the basic financial statements provides details on all bond issues and long-term obligations.

#### **Current Factors Having Probable Future Financial Significance**

Although the state of Arizona is showing signs of economic recovery, Cochise County continues to struggle. New factors are now coming into play that will have financial bearing on the District. The first is the anticipated Department of Labor's ruling related to the Fair Labor Standards Act, resulting in modifications to the District's personnel practices. These changes will result in position adjustments and increased overtime payments with financial impacts expected to materialize in FY 2017 and beyond. Seventy-three District positions are expected to be affected by this ruling, thirty-three of which require job reclassification. The overtime mandate will be implemented upon federal approval and will have significant financial and organizational implications.

A second factor is the recent passing of the Fair Wages and Healthy Families Initiative for the State of Arizona, also known as Proposition 206, which will increase minimum wage requirements in the state to \$10 an hour beginning in January of 2017 and will then gradually increase the rate to \$12 by 2020. This will result in additional financial commitments for the District related to part-time and student work-study labor costs. The increase in the minimum wage will affect the amount of work-study hours the District will be able to support.

Another significant development that will have continuing future impacts is the recent donation of the regional hospital building and surrounding property, gifted to the District in June of 2015. During FY 2016, significant construction activity occurred to completely renovate this property, producing a state-of-the-art educational facility. This new Downtown Center was opened on August 19, 2016 to provide state-of-the-art instructional facilities for students in the Nursing and Allied Health programs. Additional programs now located in this new facility include Culinary Arts, Electronics, Distance Learning, the Small Business Development Center, the Center for Life Long Learning and a number of community service organizations. To fund the renovation of this major facility expansion, the District successfully issued \$7.3 million in new revenue bonds in FY 2016 and drew upon \$7 million of reserves.

Finally, continuing declines in enrollment will have an ongoing financial impact on the District's financial picture. Full-time student equivalents (FTSE) has dropped steadily since FY 2011, reducing the District's allocation of state maintenance and operations funding. Although the decline in enrollment subsided somewhat in FY 2016 compared to recent years, the decrease will affect the District's future financial aid. In FY 2016, the District's state aid allocation (a portion of state appropriations) decreased by \$137,400 and in FY 2017 it will decrease by another \$536,000. The primary factors behind the enrollment declines are the continuing local economic recession that began in 2011 and the drawdown of the military and civilian workforce at Fort Huachuca, located in Sierra Vista, which is a major source of students for the District. In light of these economic challenges, the District continues to focus on investment opportunities in specific educational programs with growth opportunities such as Aviation, Nursing and Allied Health, Culinary Arts, Automotive Technology and Cybersecurity.

To help counter the effects of these reductions in state aid allocation, the District will continue to consider adjustments to tuition and property taxes, and to explore public-private partnerships and additional cost saving measures. Despite these economic pressures, the District is committed to fulfilling its mission of providing educational opportunities that lead to constructive citizenship, meaningful careers and lifelong learning.

#### **Requests for Information**

This discussion and analysis is designed to provide a general overview of the Cochise County Community College District's finances for all those with an interest in such matters. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Director of Finance and Administration, Cochise County Community College District, 4190 West Highway 80, Douglas, Arizona 85607.

# COCHISE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PRIMARY GOVERNMENT JUNE 30, 2016

Assets	Business-Type Activities
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,309,298
Investments	18,474,847
Receivables:	
Accounts (less allowances of \$571,128)	326,911
Property taxes (less allowances of \$241,916)	1,323,740
Government grants and contracts	662,717
Other	300,410
Inventories	561,148
Prepaid items	332,120
Total current assets	25,291,191
Noncurrent assets:	
Restricted assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents held by trustee	1,529,338
Capital assets, not being depreciated	14,707,127
Capital assets, being depreciated, net	59,374,235
Total noncurrent assets	75,610,700
Total assets	100,901,891
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	3,459,883
Deferred outflows related to refunded debt	1,404,018
Total deferred outflows of resources	4,863,901
<u>Liabilities</u> Current liabilities:	
	1 261 412
Accounts payable	1,361,413
Accrued payroll and employee benefits	1,804,676
Interest payable	429,338
Deposits held in custody for others	296,004
Unearned revenues	305,569
Current portion of compensated absences payable	172,182
Current portion of long-term debt	1,422,952
Total current liabilities	5,792,134
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Compensated absences payable	1,243,203
Net Other Postemployment Benefits obligation (OPEB)	436,257
Long-term debt	27,713,649
Net pension liability	32,593,219
Total noncurrent liabilities	61,986,328
Total liabilities	67,778,462
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	2,824,191
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,824,191
Net Position  Not investment in conital assets	44 044 760
Net investment in capital assets	44,944,760
Restricted:	
Expendable:	1 770 430
Grants and contracts	1,770,429
Debt service	1,100,000
Unrestricted (deficit)	(12,652,050)
Total net position	\$ 35,163,139

# COCHISE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION - COMPONENT UNIT JUNE 30, 2016

	_	Cochise College Foundation
<u>Assets</u>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	182,864
Investments		9,772,049
Land held as an investment		19,825
Assets restricted to investment in property and equipment	_	1,376,713
Total assets	\$_	11,351,451
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Deposits held on behalf of others	\$	14,723
Liability under split-interest agreement		281,829
Total liabilities		296,552
Net Assets		_
Unrestricted net assets:		
Undesignated, available for operations		203,778
Designated funds		610,855
Total unrestricted net assets		814,633
Temporarily restricted		7,286,576
Permanently restricted		2,953,690
Total net assets	_	11,054,899
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	11,351,451

# COCHISE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PRIMARY GOVERNMENT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		ess-Type tivities
Operating revenues:	7100	iivities
Tuition and fees (net of scholarship		
allowances of \$3,311,770)	\$	5,905,314
Government contracts	Ψ	854,211
Private contracts		191,092
Bookstore income		107,857
Food service income		526,802
Dormitory rentals and fees		11,142
Other		219,424
Total operating revenues		7,815,842
Total operating revenues		7,013,042
Operating expenses:		
Educational and general:		
Instruction		18,025,593
Public service		737,123
Academic support		1,238,435
Student services		6,004,145
Institutional support		7,946,543
Operation and maintenance of plant		4,219,197
Scholarships		4,202,770
Auxiliary enterprises		731,877
Depreciation		2,992,295
Total operating expenses		46,097,978
Operating loss	_	(38,282,136)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
Property taxes		19,877,619
State appropriations		10,812,665
Government grants		8,626,294
Share of state sales taxes		1,009,459
Investment earnings		231,402
Interest expense on capital asset-related debt		(802,704)
Gain on disposal of capital assets		163,389
Net nonoperating revenues		39,918,124
Increase in net position	_	1,635,988
Total net position, July 1, 2015	_	33,527,151
Total net position, June 30, 2016	\$	35,163,139

# COCHISE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - COMPONENT UNIT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Cochise College Foundation					
	_			Temporarily		Permanently	
		Unrestricted		Restricted		Restricted	Total
Support and revenue:	_						
Contributions	\$	449,370	\$	443,436	\$	78,705 \$	971,511
Investment income		38,080	_	385,035		<u> </u>	423,115
Total support and revenue		487,450		828,471		78,705	1,394,626
Net assets released from restriction:							
Satisfaction of donor restrictions	_	438,278		(438,278)	_		
	_	925,728	_	390,193	_	78,705	1,394,626
Expenses:							
Program expenses:							
Scholarships		470,979		-		-	470,979
Special programs		264,756		-		-	264,756
Total program expenses	_	735,735	_	=	_	<u> </u>	735,735
Supporting services:							
Salaries and wages		178,150		-		-	178,150
Other		45,929		-		-	45,929
Total supporting services	_	224,079	_	-	_	-	224,079
Fundraising services:							
Fundraising		33,075		-		-	33,075
Total fundraising services	_	33,075	_	-	_	-	33,075
Total expenses	_	992,889	_		_	<u> </u>	992,889
Change in net assets		(67,161)		390,193		78,705	401,737
Net assets, beginning of year	_	881,794	_	6,896,383	_	2,874,985	10,653,162
Net assets, end of year	\$_	814,633	\$_	7,286,576	\$	2,953,690 \$	11,054,899

### COCHISE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PRIMARY GOVERNMENT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Business-Type	
		Activities
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Tuition and fees	\$	5,975,941
Government and private contracts		1,065,153
Bookstore receipts		109,629
Food services receipts		526,802
Dormitory rentals and fees		11,142
Other receipts		397,645
Payments to suppliers and providers of goods and services		(9,199,361)
Payments for employee wages and benefits		(29,658,730)
Payments for scholarships		(4,202,770)
Other payments		(70,151)
Net cash used for operating activities	_	(35,044,700)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
Property taxes		20,305,507
State appropriations		10,805,114
Government grants		8,526,980
Share of state sales taxes		1,005,939
Direct loans received		1,815,335
Direct loans disbursed		(1,815,335)
Deposits held in custody for others received		1,139,730
Deposits held in custody for others disbursed		(815,157)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	_	40,968,113
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Proceeds from issuance of revenue bonds		7,311,714
Proceeds from revenue bond premiums		863,267
Payments for revenue bonds delivery expenses		(168,856)
Principal paid on capital debt		(1,055,000)
Interest paid on capital debt		(805,922)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		163,389
Purchases of capital assets		(13,716,315)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities		(7,407,723)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Net purchases of investments		(2,238,133)
Interest received on investments		223,415
Net cash provided by investing activities		(2,014,718)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(3,499,028)
	(	Continued)

#### COCHISE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PRIMARY GOVERNMENT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (CONCLUDED)

	Business-Type Activities
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2015	8,337,664
•	
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2016	4,838,636
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH USED	
FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Operating loss	(38,282,136)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash	
used for operating activities:	
Depreciation	2,992,295
Provision for uncollectable accounts	140,513
Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources,	
liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources:	
Increase in:	
Inventories	(71,639)
Accounts payable	93,012
Accrued payroll and employee benefits	108,579
Unearned revenues	21,616
Compensated absences payable	71,155
Net pension liability	2,177,891
Decrease in:	
Accounts receivable	5,939
Other receivables	103,935
Net OPEB obligation	(130,591)
Government grants and contracts receivable	10,861
Prepaid items	150,525
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	184,769
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(2,621,424)
Net cash used for operating activities	\$ (35,044,700)

Noncash investing, noncapital financing, and capital and related financing activities:

The District issued \$14,675,000 of Revenue Refunding Bonds to advance refund \$9,480,000 of Revenue Bonds, Series 2008, and \$6,115,000 of Pledged Revenue Obligations, Series 2008. The refunding resulted in a deferred outflow related to refunded debt of \$1,404,018 at June 30, 2016.

The District amortized \$11,207 for premiums received on revenue bonds issued in 2008, \$20,566 for premiums received on pledged revenue obligations issued in 2008, \$18,767 for premiums received on revenue bonds issued in 2016, and \$78,292 for premiums received on revenue refunding bonds issued in 2016. The District amortized \$39,000 for deferred gain associated with the revenue refunding bonds issued in 2016.

The District is amortizing its OPEB obligation for employee/retiree health benefits over 30 years. The current year net obligation is \$436,257, which is recorded as a long-term liability.

#### COCHISE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Cochise County Community College District's ("the District") accounting policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to public institutions engaged only in business-type activities adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application; GASB Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68; and GASB Statement No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments. GASB Statement No. 72 establishes standards for measuring fair value and applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. GASB Statement No. 73 amends and clarifies the application of certain provisions of GASB Statement Nos. 67 and 68. GASB Statement No. 76 establishes the hierarchy of sources of accounting principles used to prepare financial statements of state and local governmental entities in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The implementation of GASB Statement Nos. 73 and 76 had no impact on the District's fiscal year 2016 financial statements.

#### A. Reporting entity

The District is a special-purpose government that a separately elected governing body governs. It is legally separate and fiscally independent of other state and local governments. The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District (the primary government) and its discretely presented component unit, the Cochise College Foundation, Inc. (the Foundation).

The Foundation is a legally separate, tax-exempt organization. It acts primarily as a fund-raising organization that receives gifts and bequests, administers those resources, and disburses payments to or on behalf of the District for scholarships and other District operations. Although the District does not control the timing or amount of the receipts from the Foundation, the Foundation's restricted resources can only be used by or for the benefit of the District or its constituents. Consequently, the Foundation is considered a component unit of the District and is discretely presented in the District's financial statements.

For financial reporting purposes, the Foundation follows the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements for not-for-profit organizations. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. No modifications have been made to the Foundation's financial information included in the District's financial report. Accordingly, those financial statements have been reported on separate pages following the District's respective counterpart financial statements. For financial reporting purposes, only the Foundation's statements of financial position and activities are included in the District's financial statements as required by GAAP for public colleges and universities. The Foundation has a June 30 year-end.

#### COCHISE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

During the year ended June 30, 2016, the Foundation distributed \$735,735 to and on behalf of the District for both restricted and unrestricted purposes. Complete financial statements for the Foundation can be obtained from the Cochise College Foundation, 4190 West Highway 80, Douglas, Arizona 85607-6100.

#### B. Basis of presentation and accounting

The financial statements include a statement of net position; a statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position; and a statement of cash flows.

A statement of net position provides information about the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position at the end of the year. Assets and liabilities are classified as either current or noncurrent. Net position is classified according to external donor restrictions or availability of assets to satisfy District obligations. Net investment in capital assets represents the value of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt incurred to acquire or construct the assets. Expendable restricted net position represents grants, contracts, gifts, and other resources that have been externally restricted for specific purposes. Unrestricted net position consists of all other resources, including those that have been designated by management to be used for other than general operating purposes.

A statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position provides information about the District's financial activities during the year. Revenues and expenses are classified as either operating or nonoperating, and all changes in net position are reported. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from exchange transactions. Accordingly, revenues, such as tuition and bookstore, food service, and dormitory charges in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values, are considered operating revenues. Other revenues, such as property taxes, state appropriations, and government grants, result from transactions in which the parties do not exchange equal values and are considered nonoperating revenues. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. Other expenses, such as interest expense, are considered nonoperating expenses.

A statement of cash flows provides information about the District's sources and uses of cash and cash equivalents during the year. Increases and decreases in cash and cash equivalents are classified as either operating, noncapital financing, capital financing, or investing.

The financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. State appropriations are recognized as revenue in the year in which the appropriation is first made available for use. Grants and donations are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements the provider imposed have been met.

The District eliminates all internal activity.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

It is the District's policy to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

#### C. Cash and investments

For the statement of cash flows, the District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, cash and investments held by the County Treasurer, investments in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool, and only those highly liquid investments with a maturity of 3 months or less when purchased.

All investments are stated at fair value.

#### **D.** Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market.

#### E. Capital assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost (or estimated historical cost if historical records are not available). Donated assets are reported at acquisition value.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital are as follows:

	Capitalization	Depreciation	Estimated
	Threshold	Method	Useful Life
Land	\$5,000	N/A	N/A
Museum art collection	5,000	N/A	N/A
Buildings and improvements	5,000	Straight line	5-40 years
Improvements other than buildings	5,000	Straight line	5-40 years
Equipment	5,000	Straight line	3-20 years
Library books	All	Straight line	10 years

#### F. Deferred outflows and inflows of resources

The statement of net position includes separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods that will be recognized as an expense in future periods. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will be recognized as a revenue in future periods.

### G. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Concl'd)

For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### H. Investment earnings

Investment earnings is composed of interest, dividends, and net changes in the fair value of applicable investments.

### I. Scholarship allowances

A scholarship allowance is the difference between the stated charge for goods and services the District provides and the amount that the student or third party making payments on the student's behalf pays. Accordingly, some types of student financial aid, such as Pell grants and scholarships the District awards, are considered scholarship allowances. These allowances are netted against tuition and fees revenues in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

#### J. Compensated absences

Compensated absences payable consists of vacation leave and a calculated amount of sick leave employees earned based on services already rendered.

Employees may accumulate up to 180 hours of vacation depending on years of service, but they forfeit any unused vacation hours in excess of the maximum amount at fiscal year-end. Upon terminating employment, the District pays all unused and unforfeited vacation benefits to employees. Accordingly, vacation benefits are accrued as a liability in the financial statements.

Employees may accumulate up to 876 hours of sick leave. Generally, sick leave benefits provide for ordinary sick pay and are cumulative, but employees forfeit them upon terminating employment. Terminating employees fall into one of three categories based upon the sick leave policy in place on the date of their hire: 1) Employees hired before July 1, 2014, who are at least 55 years of age or have met the necessary points for full retirement with the Arizona State Retirement System and have been employed by the District for at least 10 years are eligible to receive a portion of their sick leave benefits. 2) Sick leave for employees hired before July 1, 2014, who do not meet the additional age, time in service and Arizona State Retirement System requirements does not vest. 3) Employees hired after June 30, 2014, who have accrued a minimum of 40 hours and have provided a minimum of two weeks' notice of separation, are also eligible to receive a portion of their sick leave benefits. Because sick leave benefits in 2) above do not vest with employees, a liability for sick leave benefits is not accrued in the financial statements. However, sick leave benefits for employees in categories 1) and 3) do vest, and, therefore, are accrued as a liability in the financial statements.

#### **NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) requires the District to deposit special tax levies for the District's maintenance or capital outlay with the County Treasurer. A.R.S. does not require the District to deposit other public monies in its custody with the County Treasurer; however, the District must act as a prudent person dealing with another's property when making investment decisions about those monies. A.R.S. requires collateral for deposits at 102 percent of all deposits not covered by federal depository insurance. A.R.S. does not include any requirements for credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, or foreign currency risk for the District's investments.

#### **Deposits**

At June 30, 2016, the carrying amount of the District's cash in bank was \$2,298,349, and the bank balance was \$2,864,823. For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to the District. The District currently does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

As of June 30, 2016, the District reported \$547,529 on deposit with the Cochise County Treasurer's investment pool (CCTIP). The Cochise County Treasurer invests the cash in a pool under policy guidelines established by the County. The Cochise County Treasurer's investment pool is an external investment pool with no regulatory oversight. The CCTIP is not required to register (and is not registered) with the Securities and Exchange Commission. As of June 30, 2016 the CCTIP had not received a quality rating from a national rating agency.

# NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Cont'd)

#### **Investments**

The District's investments at June 30, 2016, categorized within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles, were as follows:

			Fair value measurement using					g
		Amount	n	Quoted prices in active narkets for identical assets (Level 1)		Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)	un	Significant observable inputs (Level 3)
Investments by fair value level								
U.S. Treasury securities	\$	5,820,270	\$	5,820,270	\$	-	\$	-
Money Market Mutual Funds		1,529,338		-		1,529,338		-
U.S. agency securities		12,654,577				12,654,577		
Total investements by fair value level	\$	20,004,185	\$	5,820,270	\$	14,183,915	\$	-
External investment pools measured	at f	air value						
State Treasurer's investment pool 7	\$	459,123						
County Treasurer's investment pool		547,529						
Total external investment pools		_						
measured at fair value	\$	1,006,652						
Total investments measured at fair value	\$	21,010,837						

Investments categorized as Level 1 are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those investments. Investments categorized as Level 2 are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. Investments in the State Treasurer's investment pools are valued at the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares the District held. The fair value of a participant's position in the pools approximates the value of that participant's pool shares. The investment in the County Treasurer's pool is valued using the District's proportionate participation in the pool because the pool's structure does not provide for shares. The State Board of Investment provides oversight for the State Treasurer's investment pools. No comparable oversight is provided for the County Treasurer's investment pool.

#### **Credit Risk**

Through its investment policy and in accordance with state statute, the District manages its credit risk by limiting the maturity of any one investment to 5 years and by limiting the type of investments that the District utilizes to U. S. Treasury securities and U. S. Government backed securities. The State and County Treasurers' investment pools are not rated. The District's investments in U. S. Treasury securities are backed by the full faith and credit of the

#### NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Cont'd)

U. S. Government. The investments in U. S. Agencies and the investment in the money market mutual fund were rated AA+ by Standard & Poor's and Aaa by Moody's.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a counterparty's failure, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in an outside party's possession. The District currently does not have a formal investment policy for custodial credit risk.

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The District does not have a formal policy regarding concentration of credit risk. The District had investments at June 30, 2016, of 5% or more in Federal Home Loan Banks, Federal National Mortgage Association, and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation. These investments were 25.48%, 18.03%, and 14.78%, respectively, of the District's total investments.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Through its investment policy, the District manages its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates by limiting the maturity of any one investment to 5 years.

At June 30, 2016, the District had the following investments in debt securities:

	Investment	t maturities	
	Less than	1-5	
Investment type	1 Year	Years	Fair Value
State Treasurer's investment pool 7	\$ 459,123	\$ -	\$ 459,123
County Treasurer's investment pool	547,529	-	547,529
US Bank (Trustee)			
Money market mutual fund	1,529,338	-	1,529,338
U.S. Treasuries	1,745,060	4,075,210	5,820,270
U.S. Agencies	9,106,502	3,548,075	12,654,577
	\$13,387,552	\$ 7,623,285	\$21,010,837

# NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Concl'd)

A reconciliation of cash, deposits, and investments to amounts shown on the statement of net position follows:

Cash, deposits, and investments:		Statement of net position:	
Cash on hand	\$ 4,297	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,309,298
Amount of deposits	2,298,349	Current investments	18,474,847
Amount of investments	21,010,837	Restricted assets:	
	 Cash and cash equivalents		 1,529,338
	\$ 23,313,483		\$ 23,313,483

#### **NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016, was as follows:

	Balance				Balance			
	Jı	ane 30, 2015	Increases	Reclasses		Decreases	June 30, 2016	
Capital assets not being depreciated:	-							-
Land	\$	1,993,038 \$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$	1,993,038
Museum art collection		66,000	-		-	-		66,000
Construction in progress		1,944,413	12,211,685		(1,508,009)	-		12,648,089
Total capital assets not being depreciated		4,003,451	12,211,685		(1,508,009)	-		14,707,127
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements		71,248,083	77,945		256,131	-		71,582,159
Improvements other than buildings		11,501,459	453,000		1,251,878	-		13,206,337
Equipment		7,984,572	1,917,640		-	(125,770)		9,776,442
Library books		598,694	44,716		-	(68,251)		575,159
Total capital assets being depreciated		91,332,808	2,493,301		1,508,009	(194,021)		95,140,097
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements		(22,865,190)	(1,793,290)		(7,656)	-		(24,666,135)
Improvements other than buildings		(3,534,503)	(603,742)		7,656	0		(4,130,590)
Equipment		(6,262,312)	(536,570)		-	124,389		(6,674,493)
Library books		(304,202)	(58,693)		-	68,251		(294,644)
Total accumulated depreciation		(32,966,207)	(2,992,295)		-	192,640	(	(35,765,862)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		58,366,601	(498,994)		1,508,009	(1,381)		59,374,235
Capital assets, net	\$	62,370,052 \$	11,712,691	\$	- \$	(1,381)	\$	74,081,362

At June 30, 2016, the District had a major contractual commitment related to a donated hospital facility which was being renovated and updated to become a new downtown educational center for certain key programs. The District was also undertaking the initial stages of several aviation-related projects at its Douglas campus location including an apron maintenance effort primarily financed by an ADOT grant. Inception-to-date spending by the District on these projects totaled \$12,648,089 as of June 30, 2016 with remaining contractual commitments of \$1,969,644.

#### **NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

The following schedule details the District's long-term liability and obligation activity for the year ended June 30, 2016:

	Balance			Balance	Due within
	July 1, 2015	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2016	one year
Bonds payable and pledged revenue					
obligations (PROs):					
Revenue bonds	\$ 9,975,000	\$ 7,310,000	\$ 9,595,000	\$ 7,690,000	\$ 125,000
Revenue refunding bonds	-	14,675,000	-	14,675,000	-
PROs	10,100,000	-	7,055,000	3,045,000	975,000
Premiums	310,212	3,760,117	343,728	3,726,601	322,952
Total bonds payable and PROs	20,385,212	25,745,117	16,993,728	29,136,601	1,422,952
Net Pension Liability	30,415,328	2,177,891	-	32,593,219	-
Compensated absences	1,344,230	922,687	851,532	1,415,385	172,182
OPEB obligation	566,848		130,591	436,257	
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 52,711,618	\$ 28,845,695	\$ 17,975,851	\$ 63,581,462	\$ 1,595,134

#### **Bonds and PROs**

The District's bonded debt consists of various issues of revenue bonds and one issue of PROs. The 2008 Revenue Bonds and PROs are noncallable with interest payable semiannually. The 2016A Revenue Bonds and 2016B Revenue Refunding Bonds have interest payable semiannually and only those bonds that mature on or after July 1, 2026 are callable prior to maturity. Bond and PRO proceeds pay primarily for improving, acquiring, or constructing capital assets. Bonds have also been issued to advance-refund previously issued bonds. Bonds are repaid from tuition, fees, rentals, and other charges to students, faculty, and others. During the year, revenue bonds totaling \$7,310,000 were issued to repurpose the former hospital donated by the Legacy Foundation of Southeast Arizona. Federal arbitrage regulations are applicable to all of the District's bond issues.

The following bonds and PROs were outstanding at June 30, 2016:

		Original					
		Amount	Maturity	Interest	(	Outstanding	
Description	_	Issued	Ranges	Rates	Principal		
Revenue Bonds							
Series 2008	\$	10,595,000	7/1/2016-18	4.00-4.125%	\$	380,000	
Series 2016A		7,310,000	7/1/2017-31	2.00-5.00%		7,310,000	
Revenue Refunding Bonds							
Series 2016B		14,675,000	7/1/2019-28	5.00%		14,675,000	
Pledged Revenue Obligations							
Series 2008		15,000,000	7/1/2016-18	4.00-4.125%		3,045,000	
					\$	25,410,000	

# NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Concl'd)

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the District's bonds and PROs at June 30, 2016:

Year Ending	Revenue Bonds	s Seri	ies 2008	Pledged Revenue Obligations Series 2008			Revenue Bond	s 2016A	Revenue Bonds Series 2016B				Total Debt Service			
June 30:	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	R	equirements
2017	\$ 125,000	\$	10,362	\$	975,000	\$	84,119		\$	295,100	\$	-	\$	733,750	\$	2,223,331
2018	125,000		5,362		1,015,000		43,519	370,000		287,700		-		733,750		2,580,331
2019	130,000		-		1,055,000		-	375,000		280,200		-		733,750		2,573,950
2020	-		-		-		-	385,000		260,950		1,165,000		675,500		2,486,450
2021	-		-		-		-	405,000		240,700		1,230,000		614,000		2,489,700
2022-2026	-		-		-		-	2,310,000		917,800		7,110,000		2,038,500		12,376,300
2027-2031	-		-		-		-	2,835,000		368,850		5,170,000		267,000		8,640,850
2032	-		-		-		-	630,000		-		-		-		630,000
Totals	\$ 380,000	\$	15,724	\$	3,045,000	\$	127,638	\$ 7,310,000	\$	2,651,300	\$	14,675,000	\$	5,796,250	\$	34,000,912

#### **Revenue Refunding Bonds**

During the year ended June 30, 2016, the District issued \$14,675,000 of revenue refunding bonds at a premium of \$2,896,850 with an average interest rate of 5.00 percent to advance-refund \$9,480,000 of Revenue Bonds, Series 2008, and \$6,115,000 of PROs, Series 2008, with an average interest rate of 5.05 percent. The District realized net proceeds of \$17,252,913 after payment of \$318,938 in underwriting fees, insurance, and other issuance costs. The District used these proceeds to purchase securities that it placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. The refunded debt is considered defeased, and related liabilities are not included in the District's financial statements.

The refunding generated a net present value economic gain of \$1,282,185 and a reduction in the District's debt service payments by \$1,483,735.

# **Revenues Pledged**

The District has pledged future revenue streams from tuition, fees, rentals, and other payments from students, faculty, and others to make debt service payments on all revenue bonds, revenue refunding bonds, and PROs outstanding at June 30, 2016. Annual principal and interest payments on the debt issuances, payable solely from these revenues through 2032, are expected to require less than 30% of the annual pledged gross revenues. FY 2016 interest and principal paid and total pledged gross revenues were \$1,947,535 and \$7,130,775 respectively. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid is \$34,000,912.

#### **NOTE 5 – RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss including, but not limited to torts, theft, damage and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and third parties and natural disasters. The District participates with other Arizona community college districts and school districts in the Arizona School Risk Retention Trust, Inc. (Trust), a public entity risk pool. The Trust insures the District for its property, general, professional and automobile liability and commercial crime coverages. The coverage limit for property insurance is \$119 million with a \$1,000 deductible. The general, professional and automobile liability coverage limit is \$50 million with no deductible. The commercial crime coverage limit is \$1.5 million with a \$100 deductible. The cyber liability coverage limit is \$1 million with a \$5,000 deductible.

The Trust's operating agreement includes a provision for the member to be charged an additional prorata assessment in the event that total claims paid by the Trust exceed the members' contributions and reserves in any one year. The District will be charged for any such assessment in the following year. The District has never been charged such an assessment.

The District also carries commercial insurance for other exposure to loss, including workers compensation and employers liability, aviation and airport liability, coverage for damage to owned aircraft, international travel accidental, death and dismemberment and liability for students and employees, accident coverage for students participating in sports programs and professional liability for student participating in allied health training.

Settled claims have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in the past 3 fiscal years. There were no uninsured losses in the year ended June 30, 2016.

The District provides health, prescription, dental, life, and short term disability benefits to its employees and their dependents through the Cochise Combined Trust ("CCT") currently composed of two member entities; Cochise College and Cochise County. CCT provides the benefits through a self-funding agreement with its participants and has contracted with a third party to administer the program. The District is responsible for paying the premium for employee coverage and employees can enroll eligible dependents, with dependent coverage the responsibility of the employee. During the fiscal year, employees were not required to contribute a portion of the employee premium, but may be required to in the future. If the District withdraws from CCT, it is responsible for a proportional share of any claims runout costs, including administrative costs that exceed trust fund reserves. If CCT were to terminate, the District would be responsible for its proportional share of any trust deficit.

#### NOTE 6 – PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### A. Pension Benefits

Plan Description – District employees participate in the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). The ASRS administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan, and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability (OPEB) plan. The Arizona State Retirement System Board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 2 and 2.1. The ASRS is a component unit of the State of Arizona. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on its website at <a href="https://www.azasrs.gov">www.azasrs.gov</a>.

**Benefits Provided** – The ASRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, long-term disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

Retirement

	Keui	ement									
	Initial meml	Initial membership date:									
	Before July 1, 2011	On or after July 1, 2011									
Years of service and age required to	Sum of years and age equals 80	30 years, age 55									
receive benefit	10 years, age 62	25 years, age 60									
	5 years, age 50*	10 years, age 62									
	any years, age 65	5 years, age 50*									
		any years, age 65									
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 120 months	Highest 60 consecutive months of last 120 months									
Benefit percent per year of service	2.1% to 2.3%	2.1% to 2.3%									
* With actuarially reduced benefits.											

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earning. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a member's death. For retired members, the retirement benefit option chosen determines the survivor benefit. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

Contributions – In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the year ended June 30, 2016, statute required active ASRS members to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.47 percent (11.35 percent for retirement and 0.12 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll, and statute required the District to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.47 percent (10.85 percent for retirement, 0.50 percent for health insurance

# NOTE 6 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Cont'd)

premium benefit, and 0.12 percent for long-term disability) of the active members' annual covered payroll. In addition, the District was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 9.36 percent (9.17 percent for retirement, 0.13 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.06 percent for long-term disability) of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the District in positions that an employee who contributes to the ASRS would typically fill. The District's contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2016, were \$2,150,931. The District's OPEB contributions for the current and 2 preceding years, all of which were equal to the required contributions, were as follows:

	Hea	alth Benefit	Long-Term		
	Supp	lement Fund	Disa	bility Fund	
Years ended June 30					
2016	\$	97,264	\$	23,527	
2015		111,731		22,825	
2014		107,709		43,343	

**Pension liability** – At June 30, 2016, the District reported a liability of \$32,593,219 for its proportionate share of the ASRS' net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total pension liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, to the measurement date of June 30, 2015. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employers' contributions for the year ended June 30, 2015. The District's proportion measured as of June 30, 2015, was .209250 percent, which was an increase of 0.003694 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

**Pension expense and deferred outflows/inflows of resources** – For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District recognized pension expense for ASRS of \$1,892,122. At June 30, 2016, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	]	Deferred	]	Deferred
	O	utflows of	]	nflows of
	R	Resources	F	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience		889,398		1,707,918
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		1,044,540
Changes in proportion and differences between district contributions and proportionate share of contributions		419,554		71,733
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,150,931		-
Total	\$	3,459,883	\$	2,824,191

### NOTE 6 – PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Cont'd)

The \$2,150,931 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ASRS pensions resulting from district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ASRS pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30	
2016	\$ (556,169)
2017	(996,451)
2018	(716,647)
2019	754,028

**Actuarial assumptions** – The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2014
Actuarial roll forward date	June 30, 2015
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	8%
Projected salary increases	3-6.75%
Inflation	3%
Permanent benefit increase	Included
Mortality rates	1994 GAM Scale BB

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2012.

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS pension plan investments was determined to be 8.79 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

# NOTE 6 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Cont'd)

		Long-Term
	Target	<b>Expected Real</b>
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Equity	58%	6.79%
Fixed income	25%	3.70%
Real estate	10%	4.25%
Multi-asset	5%	3.41%
Commodities	2%	3.93%
Total	100%	

**Discount rate** – The discount rate used to measure the ASRS total pension liability was 8.0 percent, which is less than the long-term expected rate of return of 8.79 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the ASRS net pension liability to changes in the discount rate – The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (9 percent) than the current rate:

	Current				
	1 % Decrease (7%)	Discount Rate (8%)	1% Increase (9%)		
District's proportionate share of	\$ 42,708,254	\$ 32,593,219	\$ 25,661,104		
the net pension liability					

**Pension plan fiduciary net position** – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ASRS financial report.

**Pension contributions payable** – The District's accrued payroll and employee benefits included \$65,359 of outstanding pension contribution amounts payable to ASRS for the year ended June 30, 2016.

### NOTE 6 – PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Cont'd)

### **B. Postemployment Health Care Benefits**

**Plan description** – The District has a single-employer plan for postemployment health care benefits. The District subsidizes the premium rates paid by retirees that retired prior to July 1, 2012. This subsidy is an explicit rate that is based on the difference between the actual retiree rate and the active employee rate. For retirees that retired July 1, 2012 and after, the District does not provide this subsidy. The termination of this benefit significantly reduced the actuarial accrued liability for the years following the termination.

Retired employees may be retained on the Cochise Combined Trust's Health Insurance Plan provided they make the required premium contributions and comply with all other provisions of the Plan. To be eligible the employee must:

- 1. Retire from the District under the Arizona State Retirement System and elect to receive the State health insurance subsidy;
- 2. Must have a minimum of ten (10) consecutive years of service with the District immediately prior to retirement and be at least fifty-five years of age;
- 3. Must have accumulated at least eighty (80) points with the Arizona State Retirement System.
- 4. Must have retired from the District prior to July 1, 2012.

Covered retirees are eligible to participate until the earlier of:

- 1. Attaining the age of sixty-five (65);
- 2. Obtaining health care coverage through another employer's health/medical plan;
- 3. The date they are eligible for the Federal Medicare program; or
- 4. Death

If a covered retiree terminates coverage for any reason, coverage cannot be reinstated. The District does not issue a stand-alone annual report for the plan.

**Funding policy** – Benefit provisions are pursuant to the District's policy and can be amended by the District Governing Board. The District has not advance-funded or established a funding methodology for the annual Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) costs or the net OPEB obligation. For the 2015-16 fiscal year, 11 retirees received postemployment healthcare benefits. The District provided required contributions of \$12,058. The annual OPEB cost of a negative \$35,155 is comprised of amortization on the accrued liability and interest on the net OPEB obligation reduced by an adjustment to the annual required contribution. Retiree contributions totaled \$58,671.

Annual OPEB cost and net OPEB obligation – The District's annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize

# NOTE 6 - PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Cont'd)

any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan and changes in the District's OPEB obligation.

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Normal cost (service cost for one year)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$141,174
Amortization of unfunded actuarial:					
Accrued liability	12,058	14,309	27,741	29,907	118,495
Interest on normal cost and amortization		_	-	182	
Annual required contribution (ARC)	12,058	14,309	27,741	30,089	259,669
Interest on net OPEB obligation	22,674	25,254	27,927	30,613	22,638
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(69,887)	(72,068)	(74,391)	(76,643)	(31,471)
Annual OPEB Cost	(35,155)	(32,505)	(18,723)	(15,941)	250,836
Contribution toward the OPEB cost <sup>(1)</sup>	(58,671)	(68,765)	(48,088)	(51,227)	(51,461)
Increase/decrease in net OPEB obligation	(93,826)	(101,270)	(66,811)	(67,168)	199,375
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	530,083	631,353	698,164	765,332	565,957
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$436,257	\$530,083	\$631,353	\$698,164	\$765,332
Percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed	166.89%	211.55%	256.84%	321.35%	20.52%

<sup>(1)2015</sup> reported Expected of \$32,000. This amount has been replaced with actual contributions.

Funded status and funding progress – As of June 30, 2016, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$97,798 and is unfunded. The plan has no assets. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active participating employees) was \$19,367,663 for the FY 2016 while the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 0.5%. Additionally, the required schedule of funding progress, presented on page 60 following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits over time.

Actuarial methods and assumptions — Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about future employment and termination, mortality, and the health care trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive

### NOTE 6 – PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Concl'd)

plan provisions, as understood by the employer and participating members, and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and participating members. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The District's initial OPEB actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2008, used the entry age actuarial cost method which was also used to estimate the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) as of June 30, 2016.

Method	/Assum	ption

Valuation date	July 1, 2015
Actuarial cost method	Projected Unit Credit
Initial amortization period, level dollar amortization	
method, closed period	13 years
Remaining amortization period	10 years
Investment rate of return	4 %
General inflation rate	4.5%
Medicare coverage age	65
Retirement and disability age	ASRS assumptions
Health Care Cost Trend Range	4.5% - 8%
Participation Assumption	100%
Active members	N/A
Retirees currently receiving benefits	11

# **NOTE 7 – OPERATING EXPENSES**

The District's operating expenses are presented by functional classification in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Primary Government. The operating expenses can also be classified into the following:

Personnel services	\$ 29,449,109
Contract services	3,697,971
Supplies and other services	2,429,072
Rent and insurance	1,231,946
Communication and utilities	1,353,332
Travel	565,770
Scholarship	4,202,770
Depreciation	2,992,295
Other	175,713
Total	\$ 46,097,978

#### NOTE 8 – DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT DISCLOSURES

# A. Nature of Activities and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Activities – The Cochise College Foundation, Inc. (the Foundation) is an Arizona not-for-profit organization incorporated under the laws of the state of Arizona on March 20, 1967. The Foundation's mission is to promote student success, facilities development and program support for Cochise College. The Foundation funds its activities primarily through contributions and investment income. The governing board of the Foundation consists of 15 appointed individuals who collectively serve as the Board of Trustees.

**Basis of Accounting** – The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as related to nonprofit foundations.

Basis of Presentation – The accompanying financial statements are presented in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 958-205, Not-for-Profit Entities - Presentation of Financial Statements. Under FASB ASC 958-205, the Foundation is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to three classes of net assets: unrestricted net assets, temporarily restricted net assets, and permanently restricted net assets.

**Estimates** – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents – Cash and cash equivalents include all monies in banks and highly liquid investments with maturity dates of less than three months. The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents approximates fair value because of the short maturities of those financial instruments.

*Investments* – The Foundation accounts for its investments in accordance with FASB ASC 958-320, Not-for-Profit Entities - Investments - Debt and Equity Securities. Under FASB ASC 958-320, the Foundation is required to report investments in equity securities that have readily determinable fair values and all investments in debt securities, at fair value. The fair values of investments in debt and marketable equity securities are based on quoted market prices. Certificates of deposit held as investments in the accompanying statement of financial position are carried at amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

Investments are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in risks in the near term could materially affect account balances and the amounts reported in the accompanying financial statements.

#### NOTE 8 – DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT DISCLOSURES (Cont'd)

Land Held as an Investment – The Foundation accounts for land held as an investment in accordance with FASB ASC 958-325, Not-for-Profit Entities - Investments - Other. Under FASB ASC 958-325, the Foundation reports land held as an investment at its original value at the time of gift. There have been no identified events or changes in circumstances that may have a significant adverse effect on the fair value of the investment. Therefore, the fair value of land held as an investment was not estimated.

Fair Value Measurements – FASB ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements, establishes a common definition for fair value to be applied to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requiring use of fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about such fair value measurements. FASB ASC 820 also establishes a hierarchy for ranking the quality and reliability of the information used to determine fair values by requiring that assets and liabilities carried at fair value be classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

- Level 1: Unadjusted quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for similar assets or liabilities, unadjusted quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability. Assets reported at net asset value (NAV) using the practical expedient provisions are considered Level 2 when the Foundation has the ability to redeem its investment at net asset value or its equivalent at the measurement date or within a reasonably short period of time subsequent to the measurement date.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. Assets reported at NAV using the practical expedient provisions are considered level 3 when investments will never have the ability to be redeemed at the net asset value or the redemption period is long term in nature.

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value:

*Equity securities* - Equity securities are measured using the quoted market prices for each security from major stock exchanges or other electronic quotation systems.

Mutual funds and money market funds - Mutual funds are valued at the NAV of shares held by the Foundation at year end based on readily determinable fair values, which are published daily and are the basis for current transactions.

*Bonds* - Bonds are valued using propriety valuation models incorporating live data from active market makers and inter-dealer brokers as reported on electronic communication networks.

# NOTE 8 – DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT DISCLOSURES (Cont'd)

The valuation models incorporate benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, bids, offers, and other data.

*Unit trusts* - Unit trusts are valued at the NAV of shares held by the Foundation at year end based on readily determinable fair values, which are published daily and are the basis for current transactions.

*Limited partnerships* - Limited partnerships are measured using the quoted market prices for each security from major stock exchanges or other electronic quotation systems.

Real Estate Investment Trusts ("REITs") - REITs are valued at the NAV of shares held by the Foundation at year-end which approximates the value of transactions for identical holdings in markets that are not active.

**Deposits Held on Behalf of Others** – Deposits held on behalf of others consist of donated amounts designated by third parties to specific scholarship recipients that have yet to be awarded. At June 30, 2016, deposits held on behalf of others totaled \$14,723 and is held within investments on the accompanying statement of financial position.

Functional Expenses – The costs of providing various program and supporting services have been summarized on a functional basis in the statement of activities. Expenses are charged to the various expense categories based on direct expenditures incurred. Any expenditure not directly chargeable to a functional expense category is charged to the supporting services category.

Conditional Promise to Give - During fiscal year 2013, the Foundation was notified that a donor named the Foundation as the sole beneficiary of his estate. The assets of the donor's estate, which had an estimated value of \$3,500,000 at the date of the notification, are held within a revocable trust. Since the trust is revocable, this contribution is considered a conditional promise to give. The contribution will be recognized in the period in which the trust becomes irrevocable.

Assets Restricted to Investment in Property and Equipment - Assets restricted to investment in property and equipment consist of investments and cash and cash equivalents that are restricted by a donor to support capital construction and campus enhancements on the Cochise College, Sierra Vista campus. These assets were recorded as contributions at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. The assets thereafter will continue to be carried at fair value. The fair value of the assets restricted to investment in property and equipment totaled \$1,376,713 as of June 30, 2016. The Foundation intends to raise additional funds prior to commencing any construction activities. There were no costs incurred related to construction or campus enhancements during the fiscal year 2016.

#### NOTE 8 – DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT DISCLOSURES (Cont'd)

Income Taxes – Income taxes are not provided for in the financial statements since The Cochise College Foundation, Inc. is exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and from state income taxes under A.R.S. 43-1201(4). Furthermore, the Foundation has been classified by the Internal Revenue Service as a publicly supported foundation, and not as a private foundation.

Contributions – Contributions received are recorded as unrestricted, temporarily restricted, or permanently restricted support, depending on the existence and/or nature of any donor restrictions. All contributions are considered available for unrestricted use unless specifically restricted by the donor or subject to other legal restrictions. Contributions are recorded as income in the period received. Unconditional promises to give are recognized when the "promise" is received or made, not when the gift is transferred. Conditional promises to give or receive are recognized when the specified future and uncertain event occurs or when the conditions outlined by the donor are substantially met.

Support and investment income that are restricted by the donor are reported as increases in unrestricted net assets if the restriction expires in the reporting period in which the revenue is recognized. All other donor-restricted support and investment income are reported as increases in temporarily or permanently restricted net assets, depending on the nature of the restriction. When a restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, temporarily or permanently restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets and reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

Donations of property and equipment are recorded as contributions at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Such donations are reported as increases in unrestricted net assets unless the donor has restricted the donated asset to a specific purpose or time of usage. Assets donated with explicit restrictions regarding their use and contributions of cash that must be used to acquire property and equipment are reported as temporarily restricted contributions. Absent donor stipulations regarding how long those donated assets must be maintained, the Foundation reports expirations of donor restrictions when the donated or acquired assets are placed in service as instructed by the donor. The Foundation reclassifies temporarily restricted net assets to unrestricted net assets at that time.

*Management's Review* — Management has evaluated all of the Foundation's events or transactions for subsequent events that would require disclosure in the financial statements through the financial issuance date of October 7, 2016.

#### NOTE 8 – DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT DISCLOSURES (Cont'd)

#### **B.** Investments

Investments consist of:	2016
Equity securities Preferred Stock Mutual funds:	\$ 3,457,091 468,149
High Yield Corporate Bonds Large blend Large growth	636,766 500,986 405,342
Large value World Stock World Allocation	340,719 162,176 107,750
Bonds: Corporate	2,995,383
Municipal Unit trusts Limited partnership	765,127 116,646 111,810
Money market funds Cash and cash equivalents Total investments	231,460 849,357 \$ 11,148,762
Net investment income consists of:	
Dividends and interest income Realized/unrealized investment gains Investment income	\$ 412,262 10,853 \$ 423,115

The Foundation paid investment broker fees of \$18,640 in 2016, which were charged against investment income.

# C. Split-Interest Agreement

In 2004 the Foundation was named the remainder beneficiary and trustee of a charitable remainder unit trust. The unit trust beneficiaries will be paid 100% of the investment earnings annually for the rest of their natural lives. At the end of the Trust's term, the remaining assets are available for the Foundations' use. Assets held in the charitable remainder unit trust are reported at fair value and at June 30, 2016, totaled \$556,245 (consisting of cash and marketable securities of \$1,380 and \$554,865, respectively). Fair value measurements at the reporting date are determined using quoted prices in active markets (Level 1 fair value hierarchy).

#### NOTE 8 – DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT DISCLOSURES (Cont'd)

#### D. Fair Value Measurements

The following table summarizes the valuation of the Foundation's assets and liabilities subject to fair value measurement by the above FASB ASC 820 categories as of June 30, 2016:

	Level 1	Level 2	Total
Equity securities	\$ 3,457,091	\$ -	\$ 3,457,091
Preferred Stock	468,149	-	468,149
Mutual funds:			
High Yield Corporate B	onds 636,766		636,766
Large blend	500,986	-	500,986
Large growth	405,342	-	405,342
Large value	340,719	-	340,719
World stock	162,176	-	162,176
World allocation	107,750	-	107,750
Bonds:			
Corporate	-	2,995,383	2,995,383
Municipal	-	765,127	765,127
Unit trusts	116,646	-	116,646
Limited partnership	111,810	-	111,810
Money market funds	1,080,817		1,080,817
Total	\$ 7,388,252	\$ 3,760,510	\$ 11,148,762

#### E. Endowments

As of June 30, 2016, the Board of Directors has designated \$610,855 of unrestricted net assets as a general endowment fund to support the mission of the Foundation. Since that amount resulted from an internal designation and is not donor-restricted, it is classified and reported as unrestricted net assets.

The Foundation's endowments consist of both donor-restricted contributions and funds designated by the Board to function as endowments. Additionally the Foundation's Board of Directors has designated certain gifts as quasi-endowments, which are classified as temporarily restricted net assets based upon the original gift purpose. As required by GAAP, net assets associated with endowment funds, including funds designated by the Board to function as endowments, are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

In September 2008, the State of Arizona enacted ARS§10-11801 et. seq. Management of Charitable Funds Act (MCFA). The Board of Directors of the Foundation has interpreted MCFA as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a

#### NOTE 8 - DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT DISCLOSURES (Cont'd)

result of this interpretation, the Foundation classifies as permanently restricted net assets (a) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment, and (c) accumulations to the permanent endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the fund. The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund that is not classified in permanently restricted net assets is classified as temporarily restricted net assets until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the Foundation in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by MCFA.

In accordance with MCFA, the Foundation considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- 1. The duration and preservation of the fund
- 2. The purposes of the Foundation and the donor-restricted endowment fund
- 3. General economic conditions
- 4. The possible effect of inflation and deflation
- 5. The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments
- 6. Other resources of the Foundation
- 7. The investment policies of the Foundation

The endowment net asset composition by type of fund as of June 30, 2016 is as follows:

		1	emporarily	ermanently	TD 4 1
	Un	restricted	 Restricted	Restricted	 Total
Donor-restricted endowment funds	\$	(6,177)	\$ 4,457,957	\$ 2,953,690	\$ 7,405,470
Quasi-endowments		-	513,505	-	513,505
Board-designated endowment funds		610,855	-	-	610,855
Total	\$	604,678	\$ 4,971,462	\$ 2,953,690	\$ 8,529,830

The changes in endowment net assets for the year ended June 30, 2016 are as follows:

	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Permanently Restricted	Total
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$ 623,688	\$ 4,805,775	\$ 2,874,985	\$ 8,304,448
Contributions	-	70,476	78,705	149,181
Investment returns:				
Net appreciation, realized & unrealized	3,306	38,380	_	41,686
Interest and dividend income	29,760	388,073	_	417,833
Appropriation of endowment assets for expenditure	(52,076)	(331,242)		(383,318)
Endowment net assets, end of year	\$ 604,678	\$ 4,971,462	\$ 2,953,690	\$ 8,529,830

# NOTE 8 – DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT DISCLOSURES (Concl'd)

From time to time, the fair value of assets associated with individual donor-restricted endowment funds may fall below the level that the donor or MCFA requires the Foundation to retain as a fund of perpetual duration. In accordance with GAAP, deficiencies of this nature are reported in unrestricted net assets and totaled \$6,177 at June 30, 2016.

The Foundation has adopted investment and spending policies for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowments while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets. Under this policy, as approved by the Board of Directors, up to two-thirds of the endowment assets are invested in fixed income securities, and up to one-third of the endowment assets are invested in equity securities.

To satisfy its long-term rate-of-return objectives, the Foundation relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized) and current yield (interest and dividends). The Foundation targets a diversified asset allocation that consists of equity-securities, corporate bonds, and government securities.

The Foundation has a policy of appropriating for distribution each year an amount up to the realized income from the endowment. This is consistent with the Foundation's objective to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets held in perpetuity or for a specified term as well as to provide additional real growth through new gifts and investment return.

#### F. Related Party Transactions

Cochise College provides data processing and certain other administrative support services and office space used by the Foundation at no charge. In addition, Cochise College pays certain salaries and administrative expenses for the Foundation. The estimated fair value of these services was \$186,725 for the year ended June 30, 2016 and is included within contributions on the accompanying statement of activities. Donated materials and services are recognized as revenue in the accompanying statement of activities as contributions and have been charged to the appropriate expenses to which they relate.

Required
Supplementary
Information

# COCHISE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY JUNE 30, 2016

Arizona State Retirement System			R	eporting Fiscal Year	
			Measurement Date)		
					2014
		2016		2015	through
		(2015)		(2014)	2007
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.209250 %	6	0.205556 %	Information
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	32,593,219	\$	30,415,328	unavailable
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	19,367,663	\$	18,643,023	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a					
percentage of its covered-employee payroll		168.29 %	6	163.15 %	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total					
pension liability		68.35 %	6	69.49 %	

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation; therefore, only two years are shown.

# COCHISE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS JUNE 30, 2016

Arizona State Retirement System			Reporting Fis	scal	Year	
						2013
						through
	2016		2015		2014	2007
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 2,150,931	\$	2,098,856	\$	1,982,651	Information
District's contributions in relation to the						unavailable
statutorily required contribution	 (2,150,931)		(2,098,856)		(1,982,651)	
District's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$		\$	_	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 19,922,523	\$	19,367,663	\$	18,643,023	
District's contributions as a percentage of						
covered-employee payroll	10.80 %	o	10.84 %	<b>6</b>	10.63	V <sub>0</sub>

# COCHISE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS June 30, 2016

								Actuarial Liability
Fiscal Actuarial			Unfunded					as a
Year	Value of	Actuarial	Actuarial				Annual	Percentage
ended	Plan	Accrued	Accrued	Funded			Covered	of Covered
30-Jun	Assets	 Liability (1)	 Liability (3)	Ratio (2)		_	Payroll	Payroll
2014	-	\$ 270,768	\$ 270,768	0.00	%	\$	16,150,789	1.68 %
2015	-	125,355	125,355	0.00			17,097,095	0.73
2016	_	97,798	97,798	0.00			19,367,663	0.50

#### Notes:

- (1) The Projected Unit Credit actuarial cost method, formerly referred to as the Valuation Cost Method, is used to determine the Plan's funding requirements.
- (2) The percentage funded is derived by dividing the actuarial value of plan assets by the actuarial accrued liability.
- (3) The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is the actuarial accrued liability minus the actuarial value of plan assets.

Isolated analysis of the dollar amounts of the actuarial value of assets, actuarial liability, and unfunded actuarial accrued liability can be misleading.

Expressing the actuarial value of assets as a percentage of the actuarial liability provides one indication of the Plan's funding status on a going-concern basis. Analysis of this percentage over time indicates whether the Plan is becoming financially stronger or weaker. Generally, the greater the percentage, the stronger the plan.



# Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

STATISTICAL SECTION



# **Statistical Section**

The Cochise County Community College District (the District) implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 44, *Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section*.

This section of the District's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for further understanding of the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and supplementary information.

# Financial Trends (Pp. 62-65)

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance has changed over time.

# Revenue Capacity (Pp. 66-73)

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's most significant revenue sources.

# **Debt Capacity (Pp. 74-77)**

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

# **Demographic and Economic Information (Pp. 78-80)**

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.

# **Operating Information (Pp. 81-82)**

These schedules contain service and capital asset data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

# COCHISE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT NET POSITION by COMPONENT Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

	2015/16	2014/15	2013/14	2012/13	2011/12	2010/11	2009/10		2008/09		2007/08	2006/07
Primary government												
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 44,944,760	\$ 41,984,840	\$ 35,925,323	\$ 36,415,925	\$ 34,554,781	\$ 34,051,711	\$ 31,548,105	\$	15,508,518	\$	16,861,247	\$ 10,896,801
Restricted	2,870,429	2,526,468	2,228,846	1,997,386	4,082,474	2,603,068	2,520,295		10,193,018		1,904,829	1,599,298
Unrestricted (1)	(12,652,050)	(10,984,157)	20,660,174	18,757,710	16,989,965	16,325,657	14,745,324	L	18,053,024	L	22,390,296	24,286,971
Total primary government net position	\$ 35,163,139	\$ 33,527,151	\$ 58,814,343	\$ 57,171,021	\$ 55,627,220	\$ 52,980,436	\$ 48,813,724	\$	43,754,560	\$	41,156,372	\$ 36,783,070

Source: Annual reports on audited financial statements.

Note (1): In FY 2015, GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, was implemented requiring restatement of the July 1, 2014 Unrestricted Net Position.

# COCHISE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT CHANGES in NET POSITION Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

	2015/16	2014/15	2013/14	2012/13	2011/12	2010/11	2009/10	2008/09	2007/08	2006/07
Operating Revenues										
Tuition and fees	\$5,905,314	\$ 5,818,553	\$ 5,451,854	\$ 4,145,645	\$ 5,895,640	\$ 5,697,196	\$ 5,062,696	\$ 4,641,758	\$ 4,698,520	\$ 4,471,602
Bookstore sales	107,857	122,657	125,890	139,493	145,643	166,818	166,036	165,000	165,000	165,000
Food service sales	526,802	543,160	517,284	436,794	441,992	530,212	410,869	355,009	303,007	296,025
Dormitory rentals	11,142	34,803	34,815	43,526	45,852	49,646	169,018	130,599	188,407	206,825
Other sales and services	219,424	495,859	449,497	744,533	656,049	784,654	314,220	378,493	393,656	529,893
Contracts	1,045,303	1,154,562	1,241,933	375,176	348,206	427,620	380,659	702,115	620,393	579,140
Total operating revenues	\$7,815,842	8,169,594	7,821,273	5,885,167	7,533,382	7,656,146	6,503,498	6,372,974	6,368,983	6,248,485
Operating Expenses										
Instruction	18,025,593	19,475,217	17,953,714	16,995,134	16,943,608	17,762,911	17,313,386	17,223,291	17,701,763	15,380,470
Public service	737,123	728,049	680,951	712,767	707,786	755,106	645,728	545,869	459,213	417,791
Academic support	1,238,435	1,292,307	1,275,203	1,303,798	1,336,388	1,379,655	1,381,213	1,373,347	1,450,899	1,608,960
Student services	6,004,145	5,763,778	5,504,157	5,344,397	5,366,567	4,980,131	4,761,273	4,373,637	4,045,079	3,713,085
Institutional support	7,946,543	6,990,661	6,606,802	7,653,628	7,965,076	6,987,892	6,933,163	8,208,375	6,407,377	6,032,729
Operation & maintenance of plant	4,219,197	2,773,621	3,979,099	4,390,045	4,230,372	4,304,833	3,771,919	3,407,441	2,896,466	3,403,605
Scholarships	4,202,770	4,325,915	3,625,679	1,966,611	4,026,671	5,245,819	4,983,370	3,173,812	2,763,227	2,674,499
Depreciation	2,992,295	3,286,484	3,431,707	3,215,175	3,062,231	2,510,400	1,561,969	1,217,122	1,388,759	1,096,577
Auxiliary enterprises	731,877	922,570	904,655	1,053,205	1,045,291	1,123,718	1,042,744	1,186,629	1,285,996	1,954,700
Total operating expenses	46,097,978	45,558,602	43,961,967	42,634,760	44,683,990	45,050,465	42,394,765	40,709,523	38,398,779	36,282,416
Operating income (loss)	(38,282,136)	(37,389,008)	(36,140,694)	(36,749,593)	(37,150,608)	(37,394,319)	(35,891,267)	(34,336,549)	(32,029,796)	(30,033,931)
Nonoperating Revenues/(Expenses)										
Property taxes	19,877,619	19,291,883	18,653,023	17,900,838	17,320,483	16,558,225	15,833,368	14,960,185	14,036,854	13,012,950
State appropriations	10,812,665	10,326,735	10,422,500	11,399,300	13,620,900	15,330,500	15,330,500	13,494,004	13,071,100	12,206,400
Government grants (1)	8,626,294	9,982,425	8,018,017	8,945,661	8,710,077	9,835,411	10,122,113	8,305,737	6,549,237	6,369,297
Share of state sales taxes	1,009,459	1,059,998	1,091,200	982,761	961,059	866,461	832,908	924,881	1,034,869	1,044,129
Investment earnings/(loss)	231,402	180,431	154,161	81,374	202,428	91,903	152,839	449,061	962,089	1,240,620
Interest on debt	(802,704)	(936,821)	(977,421)	(1,016,422)	(1,085,531)	(1,121,469)	(1,161,306)	(1,199,131)	(27,035)	(42,994)
Gain(Loss) on sale/disposal of capital assets	163,389	43,502	(27,864)	(118)	67,976	-	(159,991)	-	(284,616)	33,435
Total nonoperating revenues/expenses	39,918,124	39,948,153	37,333,616	38,293,394	39,797,392	41,561,031	40,950,431	36,934,737	35,342,498	33,863,837
Income (loss) before other revenues,										
expenses, gains or losses	1,635,988	2,559,145	1,192,922	1,543,801	2,646,784	4,166,712	5,059,164	2,598,188	3,312,702	3,829,906
Capital appropriations	-	-	450,400	-	-	_	-	-	1,060,600	1,052,300
Capital grants and gifts	-	4,522,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,000
Change in net position	\$ 1,635,988	\$ 7,081,645	\$ 1,643,322	\$ 1,543,801	\$ 2,646,784	\$ 4,166,712	\$ 5,059,164	\$ 2,598,188	\$ 4,373,302	\$ 4,902,206

Source: Annual reports on audited financial statements.

# COCHISE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT EXPENSES by FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

Function	2015/16	2014/15	2013/14	2012/13	2011/12	2010/11	2009/10	2008/09	2007/08	2006/07
Instruction	\$18,025,593	\$ 19,475,217	\$ 17,953,714	\$ 16,995,134	\$ 16,943,608	\$ 17,762,911	\$ 17,313,386	\$ 17,223,291	\$ 17,701,763	\$ 15,380,470
Public service	737,123	728,049	680,951	712,767	707,786	755,106	645,728	545,869	459,213	417,791
Academic support	1,238,435	1,292,307	1,275,203	1,303,798	1,336,388	1,379,655	1,381,213	1,373,347	1,450,899	1,608,960
Student services	6,004,145	5,763,778	5,504,157	5,344,397	5,366,567	4,980,131	4,761,273	4,373,637	4,045,079	3,713,085
Institutional support	7,946,543	6,990,661	6,606,802	7,653,628	7,965,076	6,987,892	6,933,163	8,208,375	6,407,377	6,032,729
Operation & maintenance										
of plant	4,219,197	2,773,621	3,979,099	4,390,045	4,230,372	4,304,833	3,771,919	3,407,441	2,896,466	3,403,605
Scholarships	4,202,770	4,325,915	3,625,679	1,966,611	4,026,671	5,245,819	4,983,370	3,173,812	2,763,227	2,674,499
Depreciation	2,992,295	3,286,484	3,431,707	3,215,175	3,062,231	2,510,400	1,561,969	1,217,122	1,388,759	1,096,577
Interest on debt	802,704	936,821	977,421	1,016,422	1,085,531	1,121,469	1,161,306	1,199,131	27,035	42,994
Other nonoperating expenses	-	-	27,864	118	-	-	159,991	-	284,616	-
Auxiliary enterprises	731,877	922,570	904,655	1,053,205	1,045,291	1,123,718	1,042,744	1,186,629	1,285,996	1,954,700
Total expenses	\$46,900,682	\$46,495,423	\$44,967,252	\$43,651,300	\$45,769,521	\$46,171,934	\$43,716,062	\$41,908,654	\$38,710,430	\$36,325,410

Source: Annual reports on audited financial statements.

# COCHISE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT EXPENSES by USE Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

USE	2015/16	2014/15	2013/14	2012/13	2011/12	2010/11	2009/10	2008/09	2007/08	2006/07
Salaries and benefits	\$ 29,449,109	\$ 28,673,880	\$ 28,269,494	\$ 28,149,135	\$ 28,405,143	\$ 28,222,002	\$ 27,659,796	\$ 26,798,469	\$ 25,693,154	\$ 23,925,848
Contract services	3,697,971	3,342,740	3,270,501	3,209,859	3,337,706	2,985,146	2,582,219	3,890,058	2,855,842	2,693,339
Supplies and materials	2,429,072	2,649,771	2,193,815	2,311,373	2,457,485	2,849,171	2,603,551	2,392,886	2,562,210	2,243,703
Subscriptions, dues, insurance and rentals	1,231,946	1,292,948	1,122,839	1,354,753	1,445,978	1,232,396	1,211,054	1,296,725	1,024,344	875,562
Utilities and communication	1,353,332	1,300,323	1,312,654	1,395,966	1,369,180	1,324,946	1,221,728	1,127,915	1,077,962	1,064,695
Travel	565,770	466,194	477,412	446,182	409,499	393,920	379,702	381,690	519,002	462,069
Noncapitalized equipment	169,008	124,381	248,463	557,150	115,656	138,172	58,030	229,881	207,295	867,186
Scholarships	4,202,770	4,325,915	3,625,679	1,966,611	4,026,671	5,245,819	4,983,370	3,173,812	2,763,227	2,674,499
Depreciation	2,992,295	3,286,484	3,431,707	3,215,175	3,062,231	2,510,400	1,561,969	1,217,122	1,388,759	1,096,577
Other	6,705	95,966	9,403	28,556	54,441	148,493	133,346	200,965	306,984	378,938
Total operating expenses	46,097,978	45,558,602	43,961,967	42,634,760	44,683,990	45,050,465	42,394,765	40,709,523	38,398,779	36,282,416
Interest on debt	802,704	936,821	977,421	1,016,422	1,085,531	1,121,469	1,161,306	1,199,131	27,035	42,994
Other nonoperating expenses	-	-	27,864	118	-	-	159,991	-	284,616	-
Total nonoperating expenses	802,704	936,821	1,005,285	1,016,540	1,085,531	1,121,469	1,321,297	1,199,131	311,651	42,994
Total expenses	\$ 46,900,682	\$ 46,495,423	\$ 44,967,252	\$ 43,651,300	\$ 45,769,521	\$ 46,171,934	\$ 43,716,062	\$ 41,908,654	\$ 38,710,430	\$ 36,325,410

Source: Annual reports on audited financial statements.

## COCHISE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT REVENUE by SOURCE Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

Source of Revenue	2015/16	2014/15	2013/14	2012/13	2011/12	2010/11	2009/10	2008/09	2007/08	2006/07
Property taxes	\$ 19,877,619	\$ 19,291,883	\$ 18,653,023	\$ 17,900,838	\$ 17,320,483	\$ 16,558,225	\$ 15,833,368	\$ 14,960,185	\$ 14,036,854	\$ 13,012,950
State appropriations	10,812,665	10,326,735	10,422,500	11,399,300	13,620,900	15,330,500	15,330,500	13,494,004	14,131,700	13,258,700
Grants and contracts	9,671,597	11,136,987	9,259,950	9,320,837	9,058,283	10,263,031	10,502,772	9,007,852	7,169,630	6,946,544
Tuition and fees	\$5,905,314	5,818,553	5,451,854	4,145,645	5,895,640	5,697,196	5,062,696	4,641,758	4,698,520	4,471,602
Investment income	231,402	180,431	154,161	81,374	202,428	91,903	152,839	449,061	962,089	1,240,620
Bookstore sales	107,857	122,657	125,890	139,493	145,643	166,818	166,036	165,000	165,000	165,000
Food services sales	526,802	543,160	517,284	436,794	441,992	530,212	410,869	355,009	303,007	296,025
Dormitory rentals	11,142	34,803	34,815	43,526	45,852	49,646	169,018	130,599	188,407	206,825
Other	1,392,272	1,599,359	1,540,697	1,727,294	1,685,084	1,651,115	1,147,128	1,303,374	1,428,525	1,629,350
Total Revenues	\$ 48,536,670	\$ 49,054,568	\$ 46,160,174	\$ 45,195,101	\$ 48,416,305	\$ 50,338,646	\$ 48,775,226	\$ 44,506,842	\$ 43,083,732	\$ 41,227,616

Source: Annual reports on audited financial statements.

### COCHISE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT EXPENDITURE LIMITATION STATUTORY LIMIT TO BUDGETED EXPENDITURES

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

FISCAL YEAR	STATUTORY EXPENDITURE LIMITATION (1)	BUDGETED EXPENDITURES SUBJECT TO LIMITATION (2)	UNUSED LEGAL LIMIT
2006/07	45,302,970	24,274,057	21,028,913
2007/08	47,165,963	31,616,400	15,549,563
2008/09	50,550,255	33,612,389	16,937,866
2009/10	56,193,413	36,546,032	19,647,381
2010/11	61,030,092	30,744,862	30,285,230
2011/12	70,584,273	30,213,535	40,370,738
2012/13	78,573,112	30,997,697	47,575,415
2013/14	71,911,314	29,920,485	41,990,829
2014/15	62,525,638	26,821,028	35,704,610
2015/16	50,816,985	30,031,966	20,785,019

Source: https://www.azdor.gov/ReportsResearch/EconomicEstimatesCommission.aspx

Note (1): The Statutory Expenditure Limitation is calculated by the Arizona
Department of Revenue Economic Estimates Commission and applies to
Current (General, Auxiliary Enterprises, and Restricted) and Plant Funds
(Unexpended and Retirement of Indebtedness).

Note (2): Budgeted expenditures are net of allowable exclusions.

# COCHISE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT ASSESSED VALUE and FULL CASH VALUE of ALL TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

Fiscal Year/ Levy Type	Net Assessed Value (1)	Percentage of Net Assessed to Full Cash Value	
2006/07 primary	734,609,559	5,734,972,269	12.81%
2006/07 secondary	767,433,022	5,996,827,619	12.80%
2007/08 primary	812,722,290	6,477,280,505	12.55%
2007/08 secondary	872,912,337	6,991,051,279	12.49%
2008/09 primary	903,521,761	7,310,606,108	12.36%
2008/09 secondary	1,018,740,280	8,314,559,327	12.25%
2009/10 primary	986,677,834	8,079,032,213	12.21%
2009/10 secondary	1,060,241,909	8,674,971,385	12.22%
2010/11 primary	1,049,525,230	8,630,036,695	12.16%
2010/11 secondary	1,111,756,015	9,170,232,226	12.12%
2011/12 primary	1,049,827,355	8,869,023,621	11.84%
2011/12 secondary	1,092,081,033	9,214,115,159	11.85%
2012/13 primary	1,038,327,080	8,850,763,191	11.73%
2012/13 secondary	1,060,199,126	9,043,935,353	11.72%
2013/14 primary	1,006,475,403	8,676,916,370	11.60%
2013/14 secondary	1,011,138,917	8,726,898,700	11.59%
2014/15 primary	955,783,522	8,280,926,389	11.54%
2014/15 secondary	959,542,199	8,316,032,735	11.54%
2015/16 primary	920,583,366	8,124,910,795	11.33%
2015/16 secondary	924,708,480	8,162,151,023	11.33%

Source: Cochise County Assessor's Office, Arizona Department of Revenue

Note (1): The full cash value of taxable property by class of real and personal property is not currently available.

### COCHISE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT ASSESSED VALUATION, TAX RATE and LEVY HISTORY Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

		Primary		S	econdary (	Secondary (1)				
Fiscal Year	Assessed Valuation	Tax Rate	Tax Levy	Assessed Valuation	Tax Rate	Tax Levy				
2006/07	734,609,559	1.7868	13,126,004	767,433,022	-	-				
2007/08	812,722,290	1.7430	14,165,750	872,912,337	-	-				
2008/09	903,521,761	1.6604	15,002,075	1,018,740,280	-	-				
2009/10	986,677,834	1.6075	15,860,846	1,060,241,909	-	-				
2010/11	1,042,041,186	1.5984	16,655,987	1,111,756,015	-	-				
2011/12	1,049,827,355	1.6657	17,486,975	1,092,081,033	-	-				
2012/13	1,038,327,080	1.7329	17,993,171	1,060,199,126	-	-				
2013/14	1,006,475,403	1.8508	18,627,847	1,011,138,917	-	-				
2014/15	955,783,522	2.0329	19,430,123	959,542,199	-	-				
2015/16	920,583,366	2.1756	20,028,212	924,708,480	-	-				

Source: Cochise County Assessor's/Treasurer's Offices, District records, and Arizona Dept of Revenue

Note (1): Cochise County Community College District does not currently have any secondary taxes levied.

# COCHISE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT PROPERTY TAX RATES, DIRECT and OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS Last Ten Fiscal Years (Per \$100 of Assessed Value) Unaudited

Fiscal Year		Cochise College			Cities/Towns and Special Districts From To		istricts To
2006/07	Primary Secondary	1.7868	2.9160 0.4148	0.1435 0.0919	2.3798 3.1540	0.3732 0.0000	10.6949 2.3675
2007/08	Primary Secondary	1.7430	2.8653 0.4048	0.1319 0.0000	2.3026 3.1749	0.0000 0.0000	11.7345 2.4684
2008/09	Primary Secondary	1.6604	2.6759 0.4048	0.1258 0.0000	2.2212 5.2156	1.2381 0.0000	12.1619 2.2953
2009/10	Primary Secondary	1.6075 -	2.6425 0.4048	0.1139 0.0000	2.1446 3.1570	0.9613 0.0000	12.1334 1.7989
2010/11	Primary Secondary	1.5984 -	2.6276 0.4048	0.0000 0.0000	2.0817 2.6551	0.0000 0.0000	11.1018 2.0982
2011/12	Primary Secondary	1.6657 -	2.6276 0.4048	0.0000 0.0000	2.0363 2.9500	0.0000 0.0000	11.1018 1.7461
2012/13	Primary Secondary	1.7329	2.6276 0.4048	0.0000 0.0000	2.1577 8.3577	0.0000 0.0000	11.1018 1.9239
2013/14	Primary Secondary	1.8508 -	2.6276 0.4048	0.0000 0.0000	2.2019 4.0900	0.0000 0.0000	11.1018 2.7933
2014/15	Primary Secondary	2.0329	2.6276 0.4048	0.0000 0.0000	2.3120 4.6742	0.0000 0.0000	11.1018 2.3184
2015/16	Primary Secondary	2.1756 -	2.6276 0.4048	0.0000 0.0000	2.4845 7.5466	0.0000 0.0000	11.1018 2.4150

Source: Cochise County Treasurer's Office website:

https://www.cochise.az.gov/treasurer/property-tax-rates

## COCHISE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS Fiscal Year 2016 and Nine Years Ago Unaudited

	2016				2007	
Taxpayer	Primary Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percent of Cochise County's Primary Assessed Valuation	Primary Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percent of Cochise County's Primary Assessed Valuation
Arizona Electric Power Coop Inc	\$ 26,804,701	1	2.91%	\$ 31,498,054	1	4.29%
Sulphur Springs Valley Electric Co-Op Inc	18,907,238	2	2.05%	21,524,936	2	2.93%
Kinder Morgan-El Paso Natural Gas Company	15,256,718	3	1.66%	15,476,427	3	2.11%
Canyon Vista Medical Center (formerly Sierra Vista Regional Health Center Inc	11,410,510 c.)	4	1.24%			
Southwest Gas Corporation	9,285,233	5	1.01%	9,323,182	7	1.27%
Union Pacific Railroad	8,000,120	6	0.87%			
Arizona Public Service Company	7,746,767	7	0.84%	7,541,403	9	1.03%
Wal-Mart Stores Inc	6,058,363	8	0.66%	11,384,898	6	1.55%
Southwest Transmission (T&D)	4,596,576	9	0.50%	6,098,467	10	0.83%
Qwest Corporation/US West	4,310,454	10	0.47%	12,284,469	5	1.67%
Cox Com Inc				14,210,730	4	1.93%
Valley Telephone Co-Op				8,025,490	8	1.09%

Source: Cochise County Assessor's Office and Arizona Department of Revenue

## COCHISE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT PROPERTY TAX LEVIES and COLLECTIONS Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections (1)	Percent of Current Tax Collections to Total Tax Levy	Collections in Subsequent Years (1)	Total Tax Collections (1)	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Total Tax Levy
2006/07	13,126,004	12,641,430	96.31%	471,573	13,113,003	99.90%
2007/08	14,165,750	13,625,618	96.19%	524,182	14,149,800	99.89%
2008/09	15,002,075	14,286,998	95.23%	677,989	14,964,987	99.75%
2009/10	15,860,846	15,020,601	94.70%	792,227	15,812,828	99.70%
2010/11	16,655,987	15,662,682	94.04%	861,261	16,523,943	99.21%
2011/12	17,486,975	16,563,455	94.72%	742,802	17,306,257	98.97%
2012/13	17,993,171	16,971,410	94.32%	842,308	17,813,718	99.00%
2013/14	18,627,847	17,441,345	93.63%	932,575	18,373,920	98.64%
2014/15	19,430,123	18,348,654	94.43%	935,819	19,284,473	99.25%
2015/16	20,028,212	19,303,687	96.38%	-	19,303,687	96.38%

Source: Cochise County Assessors/Treasurer's Office and District records.

Note (1): All tax collections are recorded on a cash basis.

## COCHISE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT HISTORIC ENROLLMENT AND TUITION AND FEES Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

	Annual	Annual	Annual Tuition and Fees (2)				
Fiscal	Unduplicated	Audited	Cost	Increa	ase		
Year	Headcount	FTSE (1)	Dollars	Dollars	Percent		
2006/07	13,632	6,844	1,410	60	4.44%		
2007/08	14,938	7,369	1,470	60	4.26%		
2008/09	15,137	7,671	1,540	70	4.76%		
2009/10	14,982	8,586	1,630	90	5.84%		
2010/11	16,520	9,788	1,690	60	3.68%		
2011/12	15,504	9,468	1,970	280	16.57%		
2012/13	13,783	7,982	2,100	130	6.60%		
2013/14	13,503	7,474	2,190	90	4.29%		
2014/15	12,662	6,557	2,250	60	2.74%		
2015/16	11,491	6,514	2,310	60	2.67%		

**Source:** Arizona County Community College Districts and Colleges of Qualifying Indian Tribes Full-Time Equivalent Student Enrollment Report and District records.

Note (1): Full Time Student Equivalent (30 Credit Hours).

**Note (2):** Tuition based on in-state rate for one year of full-time equivalent credit. For years 2006/07 through 2011/12, Tuition based on in-state rate for one year of full-time equivalent credit plus the Registration and Technology fees for two semesters.

## COCHISE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT Last Ten Fiscal Years

Last Ten Fiscal Ye

	For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30									
		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>		2012
Other Debt:										
Revenue Bonds	\$	7,690,000	\$	9,975,000	\$	10,090,000	\$	10,195,000	\$	10,300,000
Revenue Refunding Bonds	Ť	14,675,000	•	-		-	•	-	Ť	-
Certificates of participation		-		-		-		-		-
Pledged Revenue Obligations		3,045,000		10,100,000		11,000,000		11,870,000		12,705,000
Premiums		3,726,601		310,212		341,984		373,575		405,529
Total outstanding debt	\$	29,136,601	\$	20,385,212	\$	21,431,984	\$ 2	22,438,575	\$	23,410,529
Per capita	\$	230.46	\$	159.95	\$	163.72	\$	171.41	\$	179.05
Per student	\$	2,535.60	\$	1,609.95	\$	1,587.20	\$	1,627.99	\$	1,509.97
Per FTSE	\$	4,472.92	\$	3,108.92	\$	2,867.54	\$	2,811.15	\$	2,472.59

	For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30									
		<u>2011</u>		<u>2010</u>		2009		2008		2007
Other Debt:										
Revenue Bonds	\$	10,405,000	\$	10,505,000	\$	10,595,000				
Revenue Refunding Bonds		-		-		-				
Certificates of participation		-		-		-	\$	290,000	\$	560,000
Pledged Revenue Obligations		13,505,000		14,270,000		15,000,000		-		-
Premiums		437,302		469,074		500,847		-		-
Total outstanding debt	\$ 2	24,347,302	\$ 2	25,244,074	\$	26,095,847	\$	290,000	\$	560,000
Per capita	\$	186.52	\$	192.06	\$	200.28	\$	2.22	\$	4.32
Per student	\$	1,473.81	\$	1,653.65	\$	1,690.89	\$	19.41	\$	41.08
Per FTSE	\$	2,487.46	\$	2,885.51	\$	3,336.59	\$	39.35	\$	81.82

Source: Arizona Department of Economic Security, Cochise College Center for Economic Research and District Records.

### COCHISE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT COMPUTATION of LEGAL DEBT MARGIN Last Ten Fiscal Years

Unaudited

	For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30										
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>						
Debt Limit Total net debt applicable to the limit	\$ 138,706,272 -	\$ 143,931,330 -	\$ 151,670,838 -	\$ 159,029,869	\$ 163,812,155 -						
Legal debt margin	\$ 138,706,272	\$ 143,931,330	\$ 151,670,838	\$ 159,029,869	\$ 163,812,155						
Total net debt applicable to the li as a percentage of debt limit	<b>mit</b> 0%	0%	0%	0%	0%						
		For the	Fiscal Year Ende	ed June 30							
Fiscal Year	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>						
Debt Limit Total net debt applicable to	\$ 166,763,402	\$ 159,036,286	\$ 152,811,042	\$ 130,936,851	\$ 115,114,953						
the limit	-	-	-	-	-						
Legal debt margin	\$ 166,763,402	\$ 159,036,286	\$ 152,811,042	\$ 130,936,851	\$ 115,114,953						
Total net debt applicable to the li as a percentage of debt limit	mit	0%	0%	0%	0%						

#### **Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2016**

Secondary assessed value of real and personal property (1) \$ 924,708,480

Debt limit = 15% of secondary assessed value 138,706,272

Amount of debt applicable to debt limit:

General obligation bonded debt \_\_\_\_\_\_

**Legal debt margin, June 30, 2016** \$ 138,706,272

Source: Cochise County Assessor's Office, District records, and Arizona Dept of Revenue.

Note (1): Tax year 2015.

## COCHISE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

Fiscal	Pledged		ficates of Participa service Requireme	Percentage of Debt Service Requirements	
Year	Revenues (1)	Principal	Interest	Total	To Pledged Revenues
2006/07	6,909,965	255,000	42,994	297,994	4.31%
2007/08	6,710,679	270,000	27,035	297,035	4.43%
2008/09	6,119,920	290,000	-	290,000	4.74%

Fiscal	Pledged	Revenue Bonds Debt S		Percentage of Debt Service Requirements			
Year	Revenues (1)	Principal		Interest 1		Total	To Pledged Revenues
2008/09	\$ 6,119,920	\$ -	\$	1,199,131	\$	1,199,131	19.59%
2009/10	6,275,678	820,000		1,161,306		1,981,306	31.57%
2010/11	7,320,429	865,000		1,121,469		1,986,469	27.14%
2011/12	7,387,604	905,000		1,085,531		1,990,531	26.94%
2012/13	5,591,365	940,000		1,048,194		1,988,194	35.56%
2013/14	6,733,501	975,000		1,009,194		1,984,194	29.47%
2014/15	6,917,934	1,015,000		968,594		1,983,594	28.67%
2015/16	7,130,775	1,055,000		892,535		1,947,535	27.31%

Source: Annual reports on audited financial statements and District records.

- Note (1): Pledged revenues include tuition and fees, bookstore revenues, food service sales, dormitory rentals, investment and other income.
- Note (2): Certificates of Participation were first issued December 16, 1993, with the first interest payment due on July 1, 1994.
- Note (3): Revenue Bonds and Pledged Revenue Obligations were first issued July 2, 2008, with the first interest payment due on July 1, 2009.

# COCHISE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT RATIO of ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE EXPENSES to OPERATING EXPENSES Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total Debt Service	Total Operating Expenses	Percentage of Debt Service to Operating Expenses
2006/07	255,000	42,994	297,994	36,282,416	0.82%
2007/08	270,000	27,035	297,035	38,398,779	0.77%
2008/09	290,000	1,199,131	1,489,131	40,709,523	3.66%
2009/10	820,000	1,161,306	1,981,306	42,394,765	4.67%
2010/11	865,000	1,121,469	1,986,469	45,050,465	4.41%
2011/12	905,000	1,085,531	1,990,531	44,683,990	4.45%
2012/13	940,000	1,048,194	1,988,194	42,634,760	4.66%
2013/14	975,000	1,009,194	1,984,194	43,961,967	4.51%
2014/15	1,015,000	968,594	1,983,594	45,558,602	4.35%
2015/16	1,055,000	892,535	1,947,535	46,097,978	4.22%

Source: Annual reports on audited financial statements and District records.

## COCHISE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	County Population	County Personal Income (In Thousands)		County Income Per Capita		County Unemployment Rate June
2007	129,522	\$	4,049,948	\$	31,268	3.9%
2008	130,567	\$	4,337,464	\$	33,220	5.7%
2009	130,296	\$	4,470,308	\$	34,309	7.9%
2010	131,436	\$	4,688,309	\$	35,670	8.8%
2011	130,537	\$	4,763,499	\$	36,492	8.8%
2012	130,752	\$	4,837,759	\$	37,000	8.2%
2013	130,906	\$	4,740,219	\$	36,211	8.4%
2014	129,628	\$	4,679,941	\$	36,103	8.3%
2015	129,112	\$	4,821,097	\$	37,340	7.1%
2016	N/A	\$	N/A	\$	N/A	6.7%

Sources: U. S. Census Bureau, U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, Arizona Department of Commerce, Cochise College Center for Economic Research

Notes: N/A= Data not available. Population estimates are from U.S. Census Bureau midyear estimates as of November 2016. Unemployment rate estimates are seasonally adjusted and prepared by the Arizona Department of Economic Security.

# COCHISE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT PRINCIPAL INDUSTRIES for COCHISE COUNTY Current Year and Nine Years Ago Unaudited

		2016		2007		
Principal Industries	Employees	%	Rank	Employees	%	Rank
Goods Producing Industries						
Manufacturing	500	1%	10	925	2%	10
Natural Resources and Construction	1,200	3%	7	2,800	7%	7
Service Providing Industries						
Private Service Providing						
Trade, Transportation and Utilities	6,000	17%	2	6,850	18%	2
Information	400	1%	11	425	1%	11
Financial Activities	1,000	3%	8	950	3%	8
Professional and Business Services	3,800	11%	6	5,000	13%	3
Education and Health Services	5,800	17%	3	4,000	11%	6
Leisure and Hospitality	3,900	11%	5	4,075	11%	5
Other Services (except Public Administration)	700	2%	9	950	3%	9
Government						
Federal	4,900	14%	4	4,675	12%	4
State and Local	6,100	18%	1	7,100	19%	1

Source: https://laborstats.az.gov/sites/default/files/documents/files/Emp-Report-June 2016.pdf

#### COCHISE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT STUDENT ENROLLMENT/DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

	Attendance		Gei	nder	Completions		
Fall Semester Fiscal Year	Full-Time	Part-Time	Male	Female	Degrees Awarded	Certificates Awarded	
2006/07	34.6%	65.4%	39.0%	61.0%	1030	737	
2007/08	35.8%	64.2%		58.5%	990	657	
2008/09	25.4%	74.6%				952	
2009/10	26.5%	73.5%		58.8%		691	
2010/11	32.4%	67.6%	44.7%	55.3%	1189	1467	
2011/12	33.2%	66.8%	44.9%	55.1%	1404	1819	
2012/13	32.8%	67.2%	45.5%	54.5%	1775	1774	
2013/14	36.5%	63.5%	46.7%	53.3%	1394	849	
2014/15	39.8%	60.2%	46.0%	54.0%	1441	691	
2015/16	39.6%	60.4%	47.4%	52.6%	1358	564	

	Ą	je	Residency					
Fall Semester Fiscal Year	Median	Mean	Resident	Resident Unorganized County	Out of State	Foreign		
2006/07	22	20	99.00/	F 00/	2.00/	2.20/		
2006/07	23	29	88.0%	5.9%	3.9%	2.2%		
2007/08	23	28	84.8%	8.2%	4.3%	2.8%		
2008/09	23	28	84.7%	8.7%	4.1%	1.8%		
2009/10	23	28	85.0%	10.4%	3.6%	1.1%		
2010/11	24	28	81.5%	11.3%	6.2%	1.0%		
2011/12	24	28	81.8%	10.7%	6.7%	0.9%		
2012/13	24	28	80.8%	9.3%	9.2%	0.7%		
2013/14	23	28	81.3%	9.1%	8.2%	1.4%		
2014/15	23	28	77.3%	11.6%	9.2%	2.0%		
2015/16	23	28	76.1%	12.0%	9.9%	1.7%		

		Ethnic Background								
Fall Semester Fiscal Year	American Indian	Asian American	Hispanic	African American	White	Other/ Unknown				
2006/07	1.0%	2.9%	35.8%	5.0%	51.2%	4.2%				
2007/08	0.9%	2.5%	37.1%	5.2%	49.4%	5.0%				
2008/09	0.6%	3.1%	35.2%	4.6%	49.8%	6.8%				
2009/10	0.9%	2.6%	40.2%	4.4%	45.5%	6.4%				
2010/11	0.8%	2.3%	39.7%	5.5%	45.9%	5.8%				
2011/12	0.7%	2.0%	39.9%	5.2%	46.1%	6.0%				
2012/13	0.9%	1.9%	40.1%	5.5%	45.5%	6.1%				
2013/14	0.7%	1.7%	41.9%	5.1%	43.7%	6.9%				
2014/15	0.7%	1.3%	44.1%	4.5%	42.9%	6.6%				
2015/16	0.7%	1.8%	45.7%	5.2%	40.0%	6.5%				

Source: IPEDS Fall Enrollment 2015, IPEDS Completions 2015-16, District records.

### COCHISE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT EMPLOYEE STATISTICS

(Headcount)
Last Ten Fiscal Years
Unaudited

		For the Fiscal	Year Ended Ju	ıne 30	
-	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	2012
Faculty					
Part-time	311	302	261	264	296
Full-time	102	101	98	98	103
Administrative & support staff	439	486	481	523	503
Total employees	852	889	840	885	902
Students per faculty member	28	31	38	38	39
Students per staff member	26	26	28	26	31

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30 Faculty Part-time **Full-time** Administrative & support staff **Total employees** Students per faculty member Students per staff member 

Source: District Records.

### COCHISE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSET INFORMATION Last Ten Fiscal Years Unaudited

		Fiscal Year								
Location	2015/16	2014/15	2013/14	2012/13	2011/12	2010/11	2009/10	2008/09	2007/08	2006/07
Douglas Campus										
Total Square Footage	295,069	295,069	295,069	295,069	295,069	295,069	295,069	235,177	225,374	225,374
Total Acreage	518.3	518.3	518.3	518.3	518.3	518.3	518.3	518.3	518.3	518.3
Sierra Vista Campus										
Total Square Footage	188,867	188,867	188,867	188,867	188,867	188,867	188,867	159,613	122,139	122,139
Total Acreage	80.1	80.1	76.6	76.6	76.6	76.6	73.6	73.6	73.6	73.6
Benson Center										
Total Square Footage	12,733	12,733	12,733	12,733	12,733	12,733	12,733	12,733	12,733	12,733
Total Acreage	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0
Willcox Center (1)										
Total Square Footage	9,340	9,340	9,340	9,340	9,340	9,340	9,340	7,200	7,200	7,200
Downtown Center										
Total Square Footage	100,792	117,151								
Total Acreage	7.7	7.7								
Total District	606 904	602.460	E06 000	F06 000	E06 000	F06 000	E06 000	44.4.700	267.440	267.440
Total Square Footage	606,801 619.1	623,160 619.1	506,009 607.9	506,009 607.9	506,009 607.9	506,009 607.9	506,009 604.9	414,723 604.9	367,446 604.9	367,446 604.9
Total Acreage	019.1	019.1	007.9	607.9	007.9	9.100	004.9	004.9	004.9	004.9

Source: District records.

Note (1): The Willcox Center is located on land leased from Willcox Unified School District.